#### Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue

November 29, 2011

#### FY 12 Budget Balancing Measures

Mary Lassiter, State Budget Director John Hicks, Deputy State Budget Director Kevin Cardwell, Deputy State Budget Director

### FY 12 Budget Updates

- Agencies have been planning for reductions
  additional 2% reductions
- Improved revenue outlook continues in the current year
- Necessary Government Expenses are covered by FY 11 surplus expenditure plan
- Kentucky still faring better than many states
- No furloughs of state employees planned this year
- FY 13 & 14 will be very challenging
- Impact of pending federal budget cuts

# FY 12 Revenue Outlook Continues to Exceed Budget Levels

	(\$millions)		
CFG Estimated Revenues in Excess of Budget	\$	137.7	
Dedicated Revenues for Severance Programs	\$	(31.0)	
Net Estimated Excess Revenues	\$	106.7	

# Draft Plan to Balance FY 12 Budget Gap

(\$millions)

Problem:	
Budget Gap between Appropriations and Resources	\$ 168.9
Additional Spending Reductions	\$ 21.0
Total	\$ 189.9
Solution:	
Spending Reductions	\$ 114.4
Partial Use of Current Year Estimated Excess Revenues	\$ 75.5
Total	\$ 189.9

# FY 12 Budget Balancing Plans

#### **FY 12 Additional Spending Reductions**

	(ψιπιποπ <i>s)</i>		
Recurring FY 2011 1.5% and Non-merit Reductions	\$	27.5	
Debt Service Lapse Estimate	\$	57.9	
Additional 2% Budget Reductions	\$	29.0	
	\$	114.4	

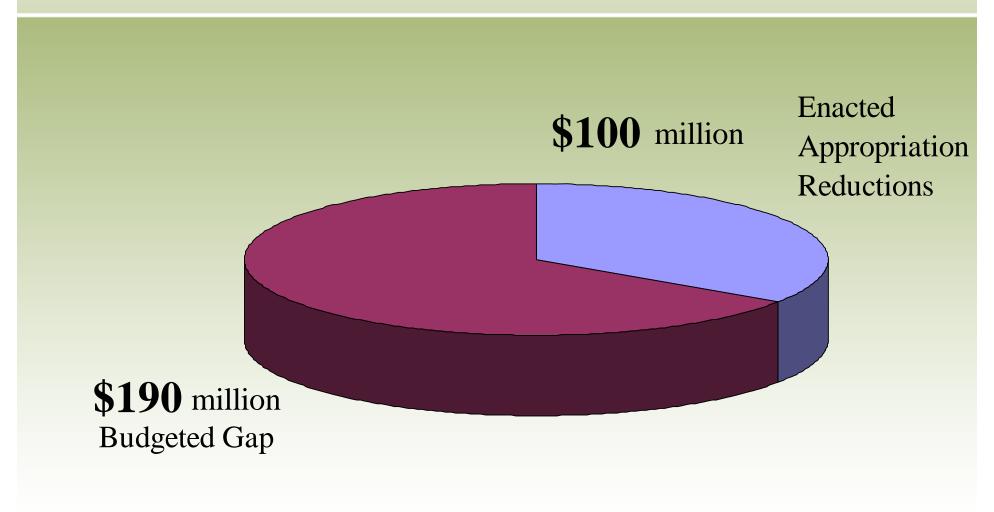
(\$millions)

#### Exemptions from Additional 2% Reductions – Same as FY 11

- Debt Service
- SEEK
- School District Health Insurance
- Medicaid
- Community Based Services
- Behavioral Health
- Corrections
- Teachers' Retirement System
- Universities and Student Financial Aid

- Severance Tax Dedicated Funds
- Parks
- Prosecutors
- Public Advocacy
- Juvenile Justice
- Executive Branch Ethics Commission
- Kentucky Horse Park Commission
- Board of Elections –
   State Share of Elections
- Necessary
   Government Expense
   Areas

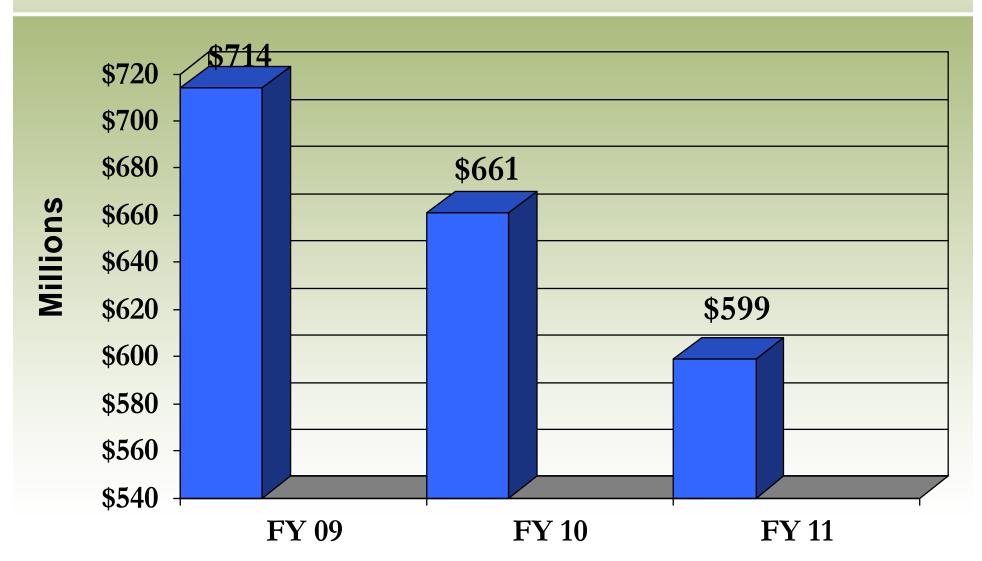
# Nearly \$300 million in FY 12 Required Budget Balancing Measures



## FY 12 Budget Balancing Plans

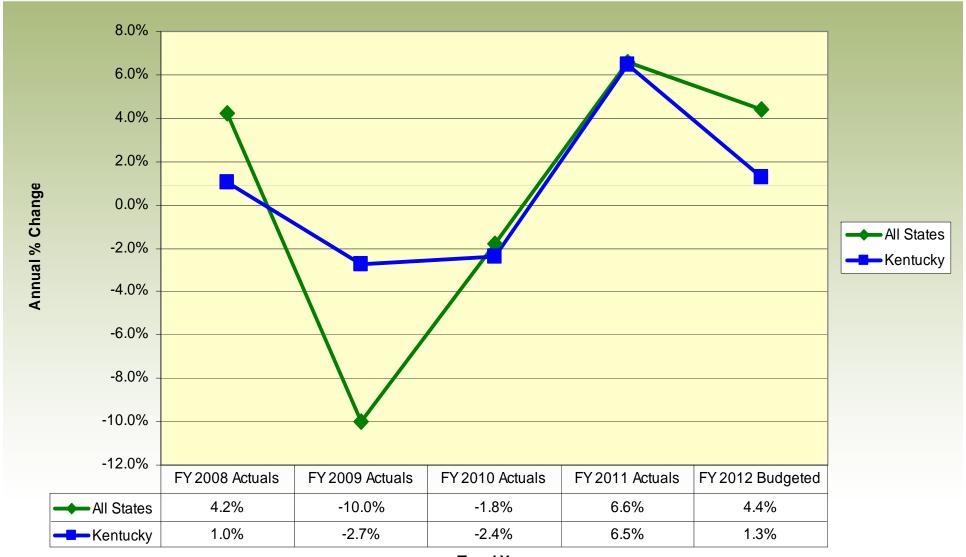
- Most Agencies have 8.0% reductions from FY 10 appropriation levels
  - 4.5% enacted reductions for FY 12
  - 1.5% additional reductions in FY 11 as part of budget balancing actions
  - 2.0% additional reductions for FY 12

#### General Fund Contract Spending Has Decreased \$115 Million Since FY 09



<sup>\*</sup>Excludes Passport and Disaster expenses

# General Fund Revenue Changes - Kentucky and All 50 States FY 2008 to FY 2012



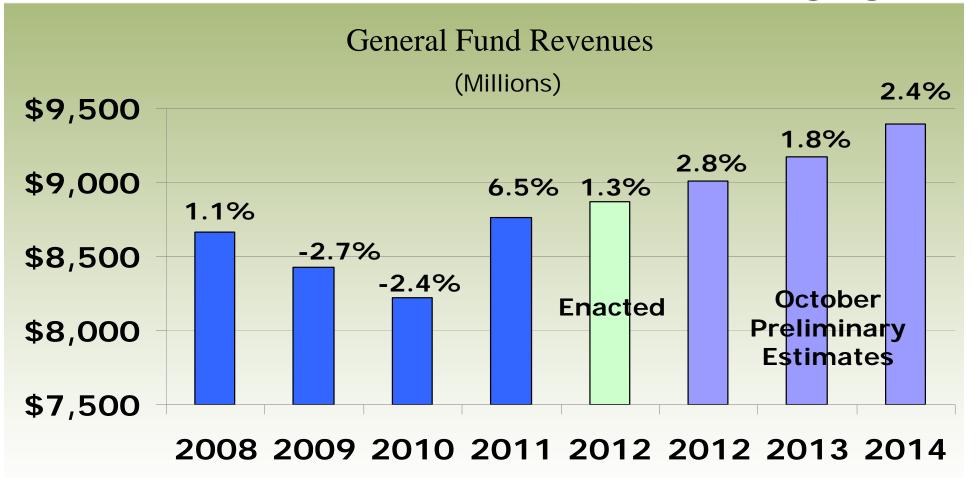
**Fiscal Year** 

#### How have we weathered the Recession?

	F	TY 2007	F	FY 2012			
		Actual	I	Revised	9	\$ Diff.	% Diff.
Executive Branch	\$	8,384.4	\$	8,967.6	\$	583.2	7.0%
Judicial Branch	\$	244.3	\$	316.3	\$	72.0	29.5%
Legislative Branch	\$	45.8	\$	53.8	\$	8.0	17.5%
Total	\$	8,674.5	\$	9,337.7	\$	663.2	7.6%
Executive Branch:							
Medicaid *	\$	1,039.1	\$	1,372.8	\$	333.7	32.1%
SEEK	\$	2,670.3	\$	2,900.1	\$	229.8	8.6%
School District Health Insurance	\$	461.9	\$	614.8	\$	152.9	33.1%
Teachers' Retirement System	\$	169.3	\$	238.6	\$	69.3	40.9%
State Agency Pension Contributions	\$	80.0	\$	140.0	\$	60.0	75.0%
Debt Service	\$	394.1	\$	451.1	\$	57.0	14.5%
Corrections *	\$	335.0	\$	378.4	\$	43.4	13.0%
Student Financial Aid	\$	166.3	\$	190.5	\$	24.2	14.6%
Dedicated Severance Taxes	\$	114.7	\$	136.0	\$	21.3	18.6%
State Agency Health Insurance	\$	99.4	\$	113.9	\$	14.5	14.6%
Prosecutors *	\$	50.9	\$	52.5	\$	1.5	3.0%
Universities and KCTCS	\$	1,028.6	\$	979.4	\$	(49.2)	-4.8%
<b>Rest of Executive Branch</b>	\$	1,774.8	\$	1,399.5	\$	(375.3)	-21.1%
Total-Executive Branch	\$	8,384.4	\$	8,967.6	\$	583.2	7.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Figures exclude pension and health insurance.

#### The Next Biennium Will Be Very Challenging



### Impact of Federal Sequestration

- The Budget Control Act of 2011:
  - Set caps on discretionary spending for 2012 to 2021
  - Established the "Supercommittee"
  - Put in place automatic procedures called Sequestration to reduce spending by \$1.2 trillion through 2021 if Congress doesn't enact at least \$1.2 trillion in deficit reduction by January 15, 2012

### Impact of Federal Sequestration

- Sequestration is the automatic, across-the-board cancellation of budgetary resources
- The across-the-board cuts take effect January, 2013: 50% from defense, 50% from non-defense
- Exempt from sequestration:
  - Medicaid, KCHIP, TANF, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, Child (School) Nutrition, Child Care, Foster Care, Adoption Assistance, Child Support Enforcement, Pell grants, Federal-Aid Highway Obligations, Airport grants, Highway Traffic Safety, Motor Carrier Safety.

### Impact of Federal Sequestration

#### • Largest areas not exempt:

- Education, Women, Infants and Children (WIC), Workforce Investment, Head Start, Vocational Rehabilitation, CDBG, National Guard, Substance Abuse, Clean & Drinking Water Revolving Funds, Transit grants, Vocational-technical, Aging programs, Adult Education, Community Services block grant, Homeland Security, Employment Services, LIHEAP
- One estimate is a -8.8% cut.

#### Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue

November 29, 2011

#### FY 12 Budget Balancing Measures

Mary Lassiter, State Budget Director John Hicks, Deputy State Budget Director Kevin Cardwell, Deputy State Budget Director