Tourism Development

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	39,318,500	55,536,500	55,782,000	38,105,800	40,124,000
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	39,318,500	55,536,500	55,782,000	38,105,800	40,124,000
Balance Forward	28,410,700	25,963,700	25,204,400	25,963,700	25,709,800
Current Receipts	103,645,000	109,528,800	112,735,700	109,232,300	112,438,700
Non-Revenue Receipts	-2,193,900	-3,300,000	-2,950,000	-3,300,000	-2,950,000
Total Restricted Funds	129,861,800	132,192,500	134,990,100	131,896,000	135,198,500
Federal Funds	522 200				
Balance Forward Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	532,200 7,359,500 -526,100	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
Total Federal Funds	7,365,600	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	176,545,900	194,729,000	197,772,100	177,001,800	182,322,500
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	92,824,800	102,044,000	106,649,600	95,668,800	100,280,000
Operating Expenses	49,923,200	51,593,500	52,229,000	49,202,100	50,294,200
Grants, Loans or Benefits	2,774,400	8,479,200	3,535,700	2,829,200	2,885,700
Debt Service	896,000	2,611,000 4,796,900	7,011,000 4,101,100	371,000	470,000
Capital Outlay	4,163,800			3,220,900	2,738,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	150,582,200	169,524,600	173,526,400	151,292,000	156,668,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	39,318,500	55,536,500	55,782,000	38,105,800	40,124,000
Restricted Funds	103,898,100	106,988,100	110,744,400	106,186,200	109,544,100
Federal Funds	7,365,600	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	150,582,200	169,524,600	173,526,400	151,292,000	156,668,100
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT	4 070 000	0.075.000	0.000.400	4 500 700	4 070 000
Secretary	1,279,900	6,875,800	2,690,400	1,529,700	1,973,200
Breaks Interstate Park	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
Travel Parks	7,236,500 75,707,600	8,054,100 86,399,600	8,230,500 85,564,500	7,241,300 75,366,300	7,431,000 77,978,000
Kentucky Horse Park	6,409,000	6,721,000	7,661,500	6,295,000	6,640,800
Kentucky State Fair Board	27,925,200	28,636,200	35,759,500	28,359,200	29,379,500
Fish and Wildlife Resources	31,824,000	32,587,900	33,370,000	32,250,500	33,015,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	150,582,200	169,524,600	173,526,400	151,292,000	156,668,100

The Tourism Development Cabinet was established by KRS 148.522 to facilitate efficiency and improved administration by the Commonwealth in promoting the tourism industry in Kentucky. Estimates project tourism spending in excess of \$7.8 billion annually, making tourism Kentucky's third-largest industry. The tourism industry, Kentucky's second-largest private employer, provides employment for approximately 148,000 Kentuckians. In addition, tourism related industries and businesses generate approximately \$866 million of state and local tax revenues in the Commonwealth.

Tourism Development Secretary

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	1,276,100	6,875,800	2,590,400	1,529,700	1,873,200
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	1,276,100	6,875,800	2,590,400	1,529,700	1,873,200
Balance Forward Current Receipts	3,800		100,000		100,000
Total Restricted Funds	3,800		100,000		100,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,279,900	6,875,800	2,690,400	1,529,700	1,973,200
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses Grants, Loans or Benefits	840,800 169,100 270,000	997,000 158,800 5,720,000	1,305,900 664,500 720,000	935,700 324,000 270,000	1,300,200 403,000 270,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,279,900	6,875,800	2,690,400	1,529,700	1,973,200
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund Restricted Funds	1,276,100 3,800	6,875,800	2,590,400 100,000	1,529,700	1,873,200 100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,279,900	6,875,800	2,690,400	1,529,700	1,973,200
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT Secretary Administrative Services Artisans Center Wage Equity	1,181,000 98,900	6,774,500 101,300	2,586,700 103,700	1,390,600 136,000 3,100	1,427,000 142,100 400,000 4,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,279,900	6,875,800	2,690,400	1,529,700	1,973,200

The Office of the Secretary of the Tourism Development Cabinet coordinates efforts for improved management and effective service among the various agencies within the Cabinet.

The Executive Policy and Management program provides the central coordination and administrative direction for the overall planning and management of the agencies within the Cabinet. This program is responsible for developing plans to assure orderly growth and improved management, to recommend executive actions and legislative measures, and to evaluate agency budget requests. This program also markets and promotes our state to the film industries in order to attract television and feature movie productions to Kentucky.

The Administrative Services program oversees accounting, budgetary, and personnel functions, as well as providing support services, including purchasing controls and property management, to other Cabinet agencies.

Funding of \$270,000 is provided in each year of the biennium for Outdoor Drama Grants.

The Appalachian/Kentucky Artisans Gateway Center Authority was created by Executive Order 99-331 and attached for administrative purposes to the Tourism Development Cabinet.

Policy

Additional funding of \$3,100 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$4,100 in fiscal year 2002 for the Wage Equity Plan. Additional General Fund support of \$300,000 in fiscal year 2002 is provided for operating costs and for staffing (14 permanent) for the Artisans Center – Berea. Additional funding of \$200,000 is provided in each year of the biennium to establish, administer, and staff (one permanent) a Certified Retirement Community Program.

Tourism Development Breaks Interstate Park

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund Regular Appropriation	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
Total General Fund	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Grants, Loans or Benefits	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	200,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000

This program provides funds for the maintenance and operation of the Breaks Interstate Park to preserve and protect the scenic and natural values of the Park for the benefit of present and future generations. The Park, created by KRS 148.220 in 1954 by joint action of the Kentucky and Virginia legislatures, is governed by the Breaks Interstate Park Commission which is composed of three members from each state appointed by the respective governors. Kentucky provides financial support for the Park in the form of a grant to the Commission.

The Park, which contains 4,500 acres of woodlands, mountains, and the largest canyon east of the Mississippi River, attracts approximately 370,000 visitors each year. Breaks Interstate Park provides recreation for the people of Kentucky and Virginia in an area where recreational opportunities are limited.

Policy

Additional General Fund support of \$50,000 is provided in each year of the biennium for operating costs to match an appropriation from the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Tourism Development Travel

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund Regular Appropriation	7,177,800	8,050,100	8,226,500	7,237,300	7,427,000
•					
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	7,177,800	8,050,100	8,226,500	7,237,300	7,427,000
Balance Forward Current Receipts	20,600 4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	24,600	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Balance Forward Current Receipts	6,100 28,000				
Total Federal Funds	34,100				
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	7,236,500	8,054,100	8,230,500	7,241,300	7,431,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses	4,953,500 1,453,000	5,618,300 1,405,800	5,747,100 1,453,400	5,015,300 1,396,000	5,205,000 1,396,000
Grants, Loans or Benefits	830,000	1,030,000	1,030,000	830,000	830,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,236,500	8,054,100	8,230,500	7,241,300	7,431,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	7,177,800 24,600 34,100	8,050,100 4,000	8,226,500 4,000	7,237,300 4,000	7,427,000 4,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,236,500	8,054,100	8,230,500	7,241,300	7,431,000
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT Executive Policy and Management Tourism Services Marketing and Advertising Wage Equity	622,000 1,909,800 4,704,700	657,100 1,993,000 5,404,000	694,700 2,069,600 5,466,200	574,000 1,834,400 4,820,500 12,400	596,100 1,899,000 4,917,800 18,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,236,500	8,054,100	8,230,500	7,241,300	7,431,000

The Department of Travel was created to promote, develop, and provide support services for the tourism industry within the Commonwealth.

Policy

Additional funding of \$12,400 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$18,100 in fiscal year 2002 for the Wage Equity Plan.

Tourism Development Travel Executive Policy and Management

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	622,000	657,100	694,700	574,000	596,100
Total General Fund	622,000	657,100	694,700	574,000	596,100
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	622,000	657,100	694,700	574,000	596,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	392,800	416,900	438,100	433,000	455,100
Operating Expenses	229,200	240,200	256,600	141,000	141,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	622,000	657,100	694,700	574,000	596,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	622,000	657,100	694,700	574,000	596,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	622,000	657,100	694,700	574,000	596,100

The Executive Policy and Management program establishes the policies and goals; coordinates the overall planning, management, and direction for the agency; and provides for the efficient administration of the Department and its programs.

Tourism Development Travel Tourism Services

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	1,875,700	1,993,000	2,069,600	1,834,400	1,899,000
Total General Fund Federal Funds Balance Forward Current Receipts	1,875,700 6,100 28,000	1,993,000	2,069,600	1,834,400	1,899,000
Total Federal Funds	34,100				
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,909,800	1,993,000	2,069,600	1,834,400	1,899,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses	1,241,800 668,000	1,341,700 651,300	1,413,300 656,300	1,205,400 629,000	1,270,000 629,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,909,800	1,993,000	2,069,600	1,834,400	1,899,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund Federal Funds	1,875,700 34,100	1,993,000	2,069,600	1,834,400	1,899,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,909,800	1,993,000	2,069,600	1,834,400	1,899,000

The Tourism Services Division operates highway welcome centers in Florence, Franklin, Grayson, Hopkinsville, Paducah, Shelbyville, Shepherdsville, and Williamsburg; generates sales revenue to Kentucky's tourism industry through trade show participation and pursuit of group, commercial, and individual markets; and disseminates tourism information to tourists and potential visitors via a telephone system, direct mail, and the highway welcome centers.

The goal of the Tourism Services Division is to conduct a comprehensive travel promotion campaign and to serve Kentucky's private sector tourism industry.

Tourism Development Travel Marketing and Advertising

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	4,680,100	5,400,000	5,462,200	4,816,500	4,913,800
Total General Fund	4,680,100	5,400,000	5,462,200	4,816,500	4,913,800
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	20,600				
Current Receipts	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Total Restricted Funds	24,600	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	4,704,700	5,404,000	5,466,200	4,820,500	4,917,800
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	3,318,900	3,859,700	3,895,700	3,364,500	3,461,800
Operating Expenses	555,800	514,300	540,500	626,000	626,000
Grants, Loans or Benefits	830,000	1,030,000	1,030,000	830,000	830,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,704,700	5,404,000	5,466,200	4,820,500	4,917,800
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	4,680,100	5,400,000	5,462,200	4,816,500	4,913,800
Restricted Funds	24,600	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,704,700	5,404,000	5,466,200	4,820,500	4,917,800

The Marketing and Advertising Division develops and coordinates state tourism advertising and tourism media placement; coordinates and produces tourism brochures and sales promotion materials; assists non-profit private sector groups with advertising and promotion costs through matching funds and cooperative advertising programs; and develops and maintains a marketing and research data base on Kentucky's tourism industry.

The goal of this program is to develop, coordinate, and maintain a comprehensive advertising campaign to promote Kentucky as a tourism destination.

Policy

Included is \$2,719,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$2,784,000 in fiscal year 2002 for the comprehensive advertising program contract. Also included is \$800,000 in each year of the biennium for the matching funds advertising program to be used for regional cooperative advertising campaigns.

Funding of \$30,000 is provided in each year of the biennium to fund a 50 percent cash match from local and/or regional entities for international tourism activity including trade missions, advertising, and multi-lingual brochure translations.

Funds are provided in each year of the biennium to match Transportation Cabinet funds to reimburse the Mississippi River Parkway Commission for expenses (KRS 176.500).

Tourism Development Parks

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund Regular Appropriation	28,625,600	38,041,100	35,776,400	27,303,800	28,486,100
Total General Fund	28,625,600	38,041,100	35,776,400	27,303,800	28,486,100
Restricted Funds	20,025,000	36,041,100	35,776,400	27,303,600	20,400,100
Balance Forward	3,466,600	2,385,000	2,280,000	2,385,000	2,280,000
Current Receipts	46,000,400	48,253,500	49,858,100	47,957,500	49,561,900
Total Restricted Funds	49,467,000	50,638,500	52,138,100	50,342,500	51,841,900
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	78,092,600	88,679,600	87,914,500	77,646,300	80,328,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	44,650,100	50,914,400	52,950,900	45,976,000	47,935,100
Operating Expenses	28,865,900	30,535,200	30,313,600	28,045,300	28,886,900
Grants, Loans or Benefits	50,000				
Debt Service	525,000	2,240,000		4 0 4 5 0 0 0	56,000
Capital Outlay	1,616,600	2,710,000	2,300,000	1,345,000	1,100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	75,707,600	86,399,600	85,564,500	75,366,300	77,978,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	28,625,600	38,041,100	35,776,400	27,303,800	28,486,100
Restricted Funds	47,082,000	48,358,500	49,788,100	48,062,500	49,491,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	75,707,600	86,399,600	85,564,500	75,366,300	77,978,000
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
General Administration and Support	9,444,000	9,793,800	10,183,700	9,206,300	9,628,500
Resort Parks	51,898,300	59,125,400	59,834,400	52,591,600	54,537,600
Recreation Parks and Historic Sites	12,829,800	14,165,500	14,382,000	12,812,200	12,836,400
Cafeterias	1,010,500	1,074,900	1,164,400	638,000	704,000
Debt Service	525,000	2,240,000		440.000	56,000
Wage Equity				118,200	215,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	75,707,600	86,399,600	85,564,500	75,366,300	77,978,000

The Department of Parks administers and operates the Kentucky State Park System under the authority of KRS 148. The Department strives to provide quality recreational facilities and to preserve and protect historically significant sites and natural phenomena in the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

The activities of the Department include the operation and maintenance of 17 resort parks, 22 recreational parks, ten historic sites, and the Capitol Annex Cafeteria in Frankfort.

Policy

Additional funding of \$118,200 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$215,500 in fiscal year 2002 for the Wage Equity Plan.

Tourism Development Parks General Administration and Support

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	9,194,000	9,543,800	9,933,700	8,956,300	9,378,500
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	9,194,000	9,543,800	9,933,700	8,956,300	9,378,500
Balance Forward	49,200	49,200		49,200	
Current Receipts	250,000	200,800	250,000	200,800	250,000
Total Restricted Funds	299,200	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	9,493,200	9,793,800	10,183,700	9,206,300	9,628,500
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	7,887,800	8,320,600	8,584,700	7,768,100	8,029,500
Operating Expenses	1,556,200	1,473,200	1,599,000	1,438,200	1,599,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,444,000	9,793,800	10,183,700	9,206,300	9,628,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	9,194,000	9,543,800	9,933,700	8,956,300	9,378,500
Restricted Funds	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,444,000	9,793,800	10,183,700	9,206,300	9,628,500

The General Administration and Support program provides an organizational and administrative system which ensures that the park system's 50 operations are maintained and operated in an efficient manner.

Additional funding of \$10,000 is provided in fiscal year 2001 to preserve, fence, and advertise the Jenny Wiley burial site.

Tourism Development Parks Resort Parks

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
General Fund Regular Appropriation	12,864,600	18,765,500	18,247,800	12,231,700	12,951,000
Total General Fund	12,864,600	18,765,500	18,247,800	12,231,700	12,951,000
Restricted Funds Balance Forward	2,621,800	1,900,000	1,950,000	1,900,000	1,950,000
Current Receipts	38,311,900	40,409,900	41,636,600	40,409,900	41,636,600
Total Restricted Funds	40,933,700	42,309,900	43,586,600	42,309,900	43,586,600
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	53,798,300	61,075,400	61,834,400	54,541,600	56,537,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	28,714,700	33,252,600	34,615,500	30,032,500	31,254,700
Operating Expenses	21,996,800	23,707,800	23,218,900	21,659,100	22,182,900
Grants, Loans or Benefits	50,000	0.405.000	0.000.000	000 000	4 400 000
Capital Outlay	1,136,800	2,165,000	2,000,000	900,000	1,100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	51,898,300	59,125,400	59,834,400	52,591,600	54,537,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	12,864,600	18,765,500	18,247,800	12,231,700	12,951,000
Restricted Funds	39,033,700	40,359,900	41,586,600	40,359,900	41,586,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	51,898,300	59,125,400	59,834,400	52,591,600	54,537,600

The Resort Parks program encourages tourism and economic development in Kentucky by providing excellent overnight accommodations, quality food service, and recreational activities for visitors at the 17 resort parks. The resort parks and their locations are:

Barren River Resort Park - Barren County
Blue Licks Battlefield State Park - Robertson County
Buckhorn Lake Resort Park - Perry County
Carter Caves Resort Park - Carter County
Cumberland Falls Resort Park - Whitley County
Dale Hollow Resort Park - Cumberland and Clinton Counties
General Butler Resort Park - Carroll County
Greenbo Lake Resort Park - Greenup County
Jenny Wiley Resort Park - Floyd County

Kenlake Resort Park - Marshall County Kentucky Dam Village Resort - Marshall County Lake Barkley Resort Park - Trigg County Lake Cumberland Resort Park - Russell County Natural Bridge Resort Park - Powell County Pennyrile Forest Resort Park - Christian County Pine Mountain Resort Park - Bell County Rough River Resort Park - Grayson County

It is projected that in fiscal year 2001, the resort parks will provide overnight accommodations for 615,000 guests and serve 1.8 million meals.

Policy

Additional funding of \$494,000 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$526,800 in fiscal year 2002 for operating costs and staffing (12 permanent /ten interim) of the new golf course at Pine Mountain State Resort Park.

Additional funding of \$205,900 is provided in fiscal year 2000, \$431,500 in fiscal year 2001, and \$442,500 in fiscal year 2002 for operating costs and staffing (13 permanent/eight interim) of the new conference center at General Butler State Resort Parl

Additional funding of \$56,000 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$57,000 in fiscal year 2002 for operating costs and staffing (or permanent) of the 16 room addition to the lodge at Blue Licks Battlefield State Resort Park

Additional funding of \$179,200 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$183,600 in fiscal year 2002 for operating costs and staffin (four permanent/three interim) of the 30 room addition to the lodge at Dale Hollow State Resort Park.

Tourism Development Parks Recreation Parks and Historic Sites

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	5,641,000	7,131,600	7,077,100	5,778,300	5,531,500
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	5,641,000	7,131,600	7,077,100	5,778,300	5,531,500
Balance Forward	669,800	310,000	330,000	310,000	330,000
Current Receipts	6,829,000	7,053,900	7,324,900	7,053,900	7,324,900
Total Restricted Funds	7,498,800	7,363,900	7,654,900	7,363,900	7,654,900
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	13,139,800	14,495,500	14,732,000	13,142,200	13,186,400
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	7,505,300	8,733,500	9,091,000	7,634,200	7,969,400
Operating Expenses	4,844,700	4,887,000	4,991,000	4,733,000	4,867,000
Capital Outlay	479,800	545,000	300,000	445,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,829,800	14,165,500	14,382,000	12,812,200	12,836,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	5,641,000	7,131,600	7,077,100	5,778,300	5,531,500
Restricted Funds	7,188,800	7,033,900	7,304,900	7,033,900	7,304,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,829,800	14,165,500	14,382,000	12,812,200	12,836,400

The Recreation Parks and Historic Sites program encourages tourism and economic development in Kentucky by providing modern recreational and camping facilities and preserving significant scenic and historic landmarks, as well as operating museums and shrines. In fiscal year 2001, the camping areas will attract approximately 315,000 visitors and museum visitation should approach 295,000.

Park Facilities

Ben Hawes State Park - Daviess County Big Bone Lick State Park - Boone County Carr Creek State Park - Knott County Columbus-Belmont Battlefield State Park - Hickman County E. P. "Tom" Sawyer State Park – Jefferson County Fort Boonesborough State Park - Madison County General Burnside State Park - Pulaski County Grayson Lake State Park - Elliott and Carter Counties Green River Lake State Park - Taylor County John James Audubon State Park - Henderson County Kincaid Lake State Park - Pendleton County Kingdom Come State Park - Harlan County Lake Malone State Park - Muhlenberg County Levi Jackson Wilderness Road State Park - Laurel County Lincoln Homestead State Park - Washington County Mineral Mound State Park - Lyon County My Old Kentucky Home State Park - Nelson County Nolin Lake State Park - Edmonson County Old Fort Harrod State Park - Mercer County Paintsville Lake State Park - Johnson County

Historic Sites

Boone Station – Fayette County
Constitution Square State Shrine - Boyle County
Dr. Thomas Walker State Shrine - Knox County
Isaac Shelby State Shrine - Lincoln County
Jefferson Davis Monument State Shrine - Todd County
Old Mulkey Meeting House State Shrine - Monroe County
Perryville Battlefield State Shrine - Boyle County
Waveland State Shrine - Fayette County
White Hall State Shrine - Madison County
William Whitley House State Shrine - Lincoln County

Taylorsville Lake State Park - Spencer County Yatesville Lake State Park - Lawrence County

Policy

Additional funding of \$67,300 (\$57,300 General Fund) is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$103,200 (\$63,200 General Fund) fiscal year 2002 for operating costs and staffing (one permanent/six interim) for the Paintsville Lake Campground

Additional funding of \$72,600 (\$62,600 General Fund) is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$104,000 (\$64,000 General Fund) fiscal year 2002 for operating costs and staffing (two permanent/five interim) for the Nolin Lake Campground.

Additional General Fund support of \$34,400 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$36,400 in fiscal year 2002 for staffing (tw permanent) at the Perryville Battlefield State Shrine

Additional General Fund support of \$20,200 in fiscal year 2001 and \$21,400 in fiscal year 2002 is provided for a park ranger (or full-time) at Yatesville Lake State Park.

Additional General Fund support of \$200,000 is provided in fiscal year 2001 to refurbish antiques and household items at the White Hall State Shrine in Madison County.

Tourism Development Parks Cafeterias

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	401,000	360,200	517,800	219,300	353,600
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	401,000	360,200	517,800	219,300	353,600
Balance Forward	125,800	125,800		125,800	
Current Receipts	609,500	588,900	646,600	292,900	350,400
Total Restricted Funds	735,300	714,700	646,600	418,700	350,400
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,136,300	1,074,900	1,164,400	638,000	704,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	542,300	607,700	659,700	423,000	466,000
Operating Expenses	468,200	467,200	504,700	215,000	238,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,010,500	1,074,900	1,164,400	638,000	704,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	401,000	360,200	517,800	219,300	353,600
Restricted Funds	609,500	714,700	646,600	418,700	350,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,010,500	1,074,900	1,164,400	638,000	704,000

The Cafeteria program provides food service in the Capitol Annex for legislative members, state employees, and visitors to the state offices in the Frankfort area. The cafeterias should serve approximately 138,000 meals in fiscal year 2001 and should generate sales of approximately \$292,000.

Policy

The management and funding of the State Office Building Cafeteria will be assumed by the Transportation Cabinet in the future.

Tourism Development Parks Debt Service

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund Regular Appropriation	525,000	2,240,000			56,000
Total General Fund	525,000	2,240,000			56,000
Total General Fund	525,000	2,240,000			30,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	525,000	2,240,000			56,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Debt Service	525,000	2,240,000			56,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	525,000	2,240,000			56,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	525,000	2,240,000			56,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	525,000	2,240,000			56,000

All currently authorized General Fund debt service costs will be budgeted in the Finance and Administration Cabinet in the 2000-2002 biennium.

Policy

Additional funding of \$56,000 in fiscal year 2002 is provided to pay debt service for the Fort Reroof project at Fort Boonesborough in Madison County.

Tourism Development Kentucky Horse Park

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	1,632,000	1,912,500	2,542,700	1,378,000	1,680,700
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	1,632,000	1,912,500	2,542,700	1,378,000	1,680,700
Balance Forward	371,000	329,000	644,000	329,000	535,000
Current Receipts	4,735,000	5,123,500	4,733,800	5,123,000	4,733,000
Total Restricted Funds	5,106,000	5,452,500	5,377,800	5,452,000	5,268,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	6,738,000	7,365,000	7,920,500	6,830,000	6,948,700
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	3,774,000	4,067,100	4,267,400	3,909,000	4,156,800
Operating Expenses	2,551,000	2,358,900	2,496,200	2,302,000	2,357,000
Debt Service	04.000	005 000	651,000	04.000	43,000
Capital Outlay	84,000	295,000	246,900	84,000	84,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,409,000	6,721,000	7,661,500	6,295,000	6,640,800
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	1,632,000	1,912,500	2,542,700	1,378,000	1,680,700
Restricted Funds	4,777,000	4,808,500	5,118,800	4,917,000	4,960,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,409,000	6,721,000	7,661,500	6,295,000	6,640,800
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Kentucky Horse Park	6,409,000	6,721,000	7,661,500	6,281,300	6,619,100
Wage Equity				13,700	21,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,409,000	6,721,000	7,661,500	6,295,000	6,640,800

The 1,032-acre Kentucky Horse Park is a recreational and educational park featuring an exclusive movie, a farrier shop, a tack shop, a parade of breeds show, horse-drawn tours, the International Museum of the Horse, and the American Saddlebred Museum. Other attractions include: the Man O'War Memorial, Hall of Champions, Secretariat Memorial, a gift shop, an art gallery, two food service facilities, and horseback riding. Other facilities include a 260-site campground with a grocery, souvenir shop, pool, croquet, tennis, and basketball courts; 1,076 stalls for horse shows and some of the finest equine eventing facilities in the world, including a covered arena, six polo fields, show rings, and a steeplechase course. Central Kentucky Riding for the Handicapped and the National Horse Center Office Complex, which includes 14 horse-related organizations, are also located at the Park.

The purpose of the Kentucky Horse Park is to be the world's definitive equestrian educational facility dedicated to all breeds of horses; to provide show facilities capable of hosting national and international equestrian competitions in many disciplines; and to provide a positive impact on both the local and state economies by establishing itself as a nationally recognized tourist attraction.

The Horse Park provides recreational and educational activities for over 750,000 visitors a year through its regular activities and special events. In addition, the Park serves as an educational facility for approximately 20,000 student visitors from the Commonwealth.

Policy

All currently authorized General Fund debt service costs are budgeted in the Finance and Administration Cabinet in the 2000 2002 biennium.

Additional funding of \$13,700 is provided in fiscal year 2001 and \$21,700 in fiscal year 2002 for the Wage Equity Plai Additional funding of \$12,000 is provided in each year of the biennium to support the settlement of a lease agreemen Additional funding of \$43,000 in fiscal year 2002 is provided to pay debt service for the muck processing facility at the Parl

Tourism Development Kentucky State Fair Board

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	407,000	407,000	6,396,000	407,000	407,000
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	407,000	407,000	6,396,000	407,000	407,000
Balance Forward	2,671,200	2,340,200	2,338,800	2,340,200	2,615,800
Current Receipts	28,987,200	30,827,800	31,619,800	30,827,800	31,619,800
Non-Revenue Receipts	-1,800,000	-2,600,000	-2,250,000	-2,600,000	-2,250,000
Total Restricted Funds	29,858,400	30,568,000	31,708,600	30,568,000	31,985,600
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	30,265,400	30,975,000	38,104,600	30,975,000	32,392,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	15,091,000	15,792,300	16,510,000	15,515,300	16,169,000
Operating Expenses	10,394,500	10,730,200	10,943,300	10,730,200	10,893,300
Grants, Loans or Benefits	1,424,400	1,479,200	1,535,700	1,479,200	1,535,700
Debt Service	371,000	371,000	6,360,000	371,000	371,000
Capital Outlay	644,300	263,500	410,500	263,500	410,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,925,200	28,636,200	35,759,500	28,359,200	29,379,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	407,000	407,000	6,396,000	407,000	407,000
Restricted Funds	27,518,200	28,229,200	29,363,500	27,952,200	28,972,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,925,200	28,636,200	35,759,500	28,359,200	29,379,500
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Kentucky Fair and Exposition Center	23,218,700	24,209,600	25,071,500	23,979,600	24,729,500
Commonwealth Convention Center	4,335,500	4,055,600	4,328,000	4,008,600	4,279,000
Debt Service	371,000	371,000	6,360,000	371,000	371,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	27,925,200	28,636,200	35,759,500	28,359,200	29,379,500

The Kentucky State Fair Board is composed of 15 members: the Governor, the Commissioner of Agriculture, the Dean of the College of Agriculture at the University of Kentucky, and 12 members appointed by the Governor. Five of the 12 members appointed by the Governor are selected from nominations from the Kentucky Association of Fairs and Horse Shows, the Kentucky Livestock Improvements Association, the Kentucky State National Farmers Organization, the American Saddle Horse Breeders Association, and the Kentucky Farm Bureau Federation. The Board has control and custody of the funds, buildings, grounds, and equipment of the Kentucky Fair and Exposition Center and the Kentucky International Convention Center in Louisville, as outlined in KRS 247. A president is appointed by the Board to manage the Centers.

Tourism Development Kentucky State Fair Board Kentucky Fair and Exposition Center

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	407,000	407,000	407,000	407,000	407,000
Total General Fund	407,000	407,000	407,000	407,000	407,000
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	2,102,700	2,308,300	2,302,200	2,308,300	2,532,200
Current Receipts	25,138,300	26,767,500	27,293,300	26,767,500	27,293,300
Non-Revenue Receipts	-2,121,000	-2,971,000	-2,621,000	-2,971,000	-2,621,000
Total Restricted Funds	25,120,000	26,104,800	26,974,500	26,104,800	27,204,500
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	25,527,000	26,511,800	27,381,500	26,511,800	27,611,500
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	13,099,300	13,702,500	14,317,200	13,472,500	14,025,200
Operating Expenses	8,435,700	8,888,400	9,046,100	8,888,400	8,996,100
Grants, Loans or Benefits	1,424,400	1,479,200	1,535,700	1,479,200	1,535,700
Capital Outlay	259,300	139,500	172,500	139,500	172,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,218,700	24,209,600	25,071,500	23,979,600	24,729,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	407,000	407,000	407,000	407,000	407,000
Restricted Funds	22,811,700	23,802,600	24,664,500	23,572,600	24,322,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,218,700	24,209,600	25,071,500	23,979,600	24,729,500

The Kentucky Fair and Exposition Center provides both facilities and services for various conventions, trade shows, agricultural activities, athletic events, concerts, and cultural and commercial productions on a year-round basis. At this site, the State Fair Board produces its three major expositions during the year: the Kentucky State Fair, the National Farm Machinery Show, and the North American International Livestock Exposition.

The Kentucky Fair and Exposition Center is a completely air-conditioned complex that includes one million square feet of exhibit and meeting space at ground level. It includes the 19,000-seat Freedom Hall Coliseum, identical East and West Exhibit Halls, East and West Exposition Wings, the South Wing Exposition Facility and Conference Center, a smaller exposition Pavilion, a 600-seat amphitheater, a 5,000-seat Livestock and Horse Show Arena, and a 37,000-seat stadium. Also serving the Kentucky Fair and Exposition Center are the adjacent Executive Inn East, Executive Inn West, Executive Bowl, and the Kentucky Kingdom Amusement Park, all of which are long-term lessees of the State Fair Board.

Policy

Funding of \$407,000 from the General Fund is provided each year of the biennium for the North American International Livestock Exposition program.

Tourism Development Kentucky State Fair Board Commonwealth Convention Center

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	568,500	31,900	36,600	31,900	83,600
Current Receipts	3,848,900	4,060,300	4,326,500	4,060,300	4,326,500
Non-Revenue Receipts	-50,000				
Total Restricted Funds	4,367,400	4,092,200	4,363,100	4,092,200	4,410,100
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	4,367,400	4,092,200	4,363,100	4,092,200	4,410,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	1,991,700	2,089,800	2,192,800	2,042,800	2,143,800
Operating Expenses	1,958,800	1,841,800	1,897,200	1,841,800	1,897,200
Capital Outlay	385,000	124,000	238,000	124,000	238,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,335,500	4,055,600	4,328,000	4,008,600	4,279,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	4,335,500	4,055,600	4,328,000	4,008,600	4,279,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,335,500	4,055,600	4,328,000	4,008,600	4,279,000

The Kentucky International Convention Center provides facilities and services for various intermediate-sized conventions, trade shows, association events, concerts, and cultural and commercial productions on a year-round basis. This facility is an integral and interdependent part of the overall redevelopment of downtown Louisville by both government and private enterprise.

All phases of the current renovation and expansion project at the Kentucky International Convention Center are completed. The Center includes approximately 200,000 total square feet of exhibit space, a 30,000 square foot ballroom and nearly 70,000 square feet of potential meeting space. The new exhibit and meeting areas will be linked to the existing facility by public concourses spanning Third Street.

The Center is served by the Hyatt and Cowger Parking Garages, which provide 1,300 enclosed parking spaces, and by the Hyatt Regency Hotel, which is a long-term lessee of the Board. The Cowger Garage also includes commercial space which is leased on a long-term basis to private enterprise

Tourism Development Kentucky State Fair Board Debt Service

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund Regular Appropriation			5,989,000		
Total General Fund Restricted Funds			5,989,000		
Non-Revenue Receipts	371,000	371,000	371,000	371,000	371,000
Total Restricted Funds	371,000	371,000	371,000	371,000	371,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	371,000	371,000	6,360,000	371,000	371,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Debt Service	371,000	371,000	6,360,000	371,000	371,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	371,000	371,000	6,360,000	371,000	371,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund			5,989,000		
Restricted Funds	371,000	371,000	371,000	371,000	371,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	371,000	371,000	6,360,000	371,000	371,000

The Debt Service program is responsible for the annual debt service payments on Fair Board bonds issued by the State Property and Buildings Commission.

Restricted funds (\$371,000) are included in each year of the 2000-2002 biennium for Project 55 debt service payments. Project 55 provided funding for an expansion of the new South Wing - Phase II, Access Road Completion, the new Maintenance Building, and the refinancing of Projects 21 and 38.

All currently authorized General Fund debt service costs are budgeted in the Finance and Administration Cabinet in the 2000-

Tourism Development Fish and Wildlife Resources

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	21,877,500	20,909,500	19,941,600	20,909,500	20,279,000
Current Receipts	23,918,400	25,320,000	26,420,000	25,320,000	26,420,000
Non-Revenue Receipts	-393,900	-700,000	-700,000	-700,000	-700,000
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	45,402,000	45,529,500	45,661,600	45,529,500	45,999,000
Balance Forward	526,100				
Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	7,331,500 -526,100	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
Total Federal Funds	7,331,500	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	52,733,500	52,529,500	52,661,600	52,529,500	52,999,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	23,515,400	24,654,900	25,868,300	24,317,500	25,513,900
Operating Expenses	6,489,700	6,404,600	6,358,000	6,404,600	6,358,000
Capital Outlay	1,818,900	1,528,400	1,143,700	1,528,400	1,143,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	31,824,000	32,587,900	33,370,000	32,250,500	33,015,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	24,492,500	25,587,900	26,370,000	25,250,500	26,015,600
Federal Funds	7,331,500	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	31,824,000	32,587,900	33,370,000	32,250,500	33,015,600
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Administration and Support	4,360,500	4,465,200	4,572,400	4,398,200	4,502,100
Wildlife Management	7,002,500	7,170,500	7,342,600	7,055,900	7,221,500
Fisheries Management	4,682,500	4,795,000	4,910,100	4,715,800	4,826,600
Information and Education	4,721,500	4,834,800	4,950,800	4,758,200	4,871,300
Law Enforcement	11,057,000	11,322,400	11,594,100	11,322,400	11,594,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	31,824,000	32,587,900	33,370,000	32,250,500	33,015,600

The Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources, as established by KRS 150, is responsible for the protection and improvement of fish and wildlife resources in Kentucky. The Department is headed by a Commissioner appointed by the Fish and Wildlife Commission. The Commission, which is responsible for Department policy, is a nine member bipartisan body appointed by the Governor from a list of five candidates provided by sportsmen's organizations in each of nine districts.

Financial support of the Department is derived from the sale of hunting and fishing licenses, miscellaneous licenses, federal grants, interest income, and fines and penalties assessed by the courts for violation of game and fish laws.

Currently, the Department owns approximately 120,000 acres of land in Kentucky which are used to further its program activities. This acreage includes the State Game Farm, 75 major wildlife management areas, two warm water hatcheries, and three summer camps. An additional 1,336,000 acres of land and water are under lease or license by the Department for wildlife management activities.

Tourism Development Fish and Wildlife Resources Administration and Support

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	21,877,500	20,909,500	19,941,600	20,909,500	20,008,600
Current Receipts	3,786,400	4,197,300	4,622,400	4,197,300	4,622,400
Non-Revenue Receipts	-393,900	-700,000	-700,000	-700,000	-700,000
Total Restricted Funds	25,270,000	24,406,800	23,864,000	24,406,800	23,931,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	25,270,000	24,406,800	23,864,000	24,406,800	23,931,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	3,160,700	3,106,900	3,258,100	3,039,900	3,187,800
Operating Expenses	1,154,800	1,233,300	1,239,300	1,233,300	1,239,300
Capital Outlay	45,000	125,000	75,000	125,000	75,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,360,500	4,465,200	4,572,400	4,398,200	4,502,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	4,360,500	4,465,200	4,572,400	4,398,200	4,502,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,360,500	4,465,200	4,572,400	4,398,200	4,502,100

This program provides guidance for efficient operation of the Department by implementing policy and proper purchasing procedures, and maintaining financial records.

The Public Affairs Division is responsible for facilitating public involvement in departmental policy and regulations. Administrative Services maintains accounting records, ensures that proper purchasing and inventory procedures are followed, and distributes licenses to county clerks. The Engineering Division provides the labor and technical engineering services required for the Department's small construction projects. Duties include building small bridges, buildings, boat ramps, and roads. In addition, Engineering is responsible for surveying all property owned or being purchased by the Department.

Tourism Development Fish and Wildlife Resources Wildlife Management

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					444.000
Balance Forward Current Receipts	4,502,500	4,670,500	4,842,600	4,670,500	114,600 4,842,600
Total Restricted Funds	4,502,500	4,670,500	4,842,600	4,670,500	4,957,200
Federal Funds	4,302,300	4,070,300	4,042,000	4,070,300	4,937,200
Balance Forward	209,500				
Current Receipts	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
Non-Revenue Receipts	-209,500				
Total Federal Funds	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	7,002,500	7,170,500	7,342,600	7,170,500	7,457,200
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	4,953,600	5,237,500	5,489,000	5,122,900	5,367,900
Operating Expenses	1,827,800	1,706,400	1,621,400	1,706,400	1,621,400
Capital Outlay	221,100	226,600	232,200	226,600	232,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,002,500	7,170,500	7,342,600	7,055,900	7,221,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	4,502,500	4,670,500	4,842,600	4,555,900	4,721,500
Federal Funds	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,002,500	7,170,500	7,342,600	7,055,900	7,221,500

The Wildlife Management program manages, develops, and maintains statewide game and non-game populations consistent with habitat capacity on state owned lands, licensed wildlife management areas, and privately owned lands. Additionally, Wildlife Management conducts statewide surveys to determine the relative abundance of game and non-game wildlife, formulates hunting regulations based upon biological data and recreational demands, restores viable native wildlife species by restocking in suitable habitat, and evaluates the impact of land, water resource, and other construction projects on wildlife resources. Technical guidance is provided to private land owners for improvement of wildlife habitat conditions. A fish and wildlife electronic information system is being developed that includes geographic information such as land types, vegetation conditions, and wildlife populations for use by state agencies.

Tourism Development Fish and Wildlife Resources Fisheries Management

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward					79,200
Current Receipts	1,422,500	1,795,000	1,910,100	1,795,000	1,910,100
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	1,422,500	1,795,000	1,910,100	1,795,000	1,989,300
Balance Forward	316,600				
Current Receipts	3,260,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Non-Revenue Receipts	-316,600	3,000,000	2,000,000	3,000,000	0,000,000
Total Federal Funds	3,260,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	4,682,500	4,795,000	4,910,100	4,795,000	4,989,300
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	3,256,400	3,453,100	3,579,000	3,373,900	3,495,500
Operating Expenses	1,054,100	961,300	985,300	961,300	985,300
Capital Outlay	372,000	380,600	345,800	380,600	345,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,682,500	4,795,000	4,910,100	4,715,800	4,826,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	1,422,500	1,795,000	1,910,100	1,715,800	1,826,600
Federal Funds	3,260,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,682,500	4,795,000	4,910,100	4,715,800	4,826,600

The Fisheries Management program manages Kentucky's fishery resources to provide optimum fishing opportunities for anglers through research, surveys, fish stocking, regulation, and technical biological guidance. Fishery biologists manage and develop fish populations and their associated habitats in major impoundments, streams, rivers, and 100,000 acres of small lakes and ponds. In addition, technical guidance is provided to private pond owners. Research biologists provide support to management through evaluation of stocking and regulatory practices.

Tourism Development Fish and Wildlife Resources Information and Education

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds Balance Forward	2 650 000	4 024 900	4 150 900	4 024 900	76,600 4 150,800
Current Receipts Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds Current Receipts	3,650,000 3,650,000 1,071,500	4,034,800 4,034,800 800,000	4,150,800 4,150,800 800,000	4,034,800 4,034,800 800,000	4,150,800 4,227,400 800,000
Total Federal Funds TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,071,500	800,000	800,000	800,000	800,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses Capital Outlay	3,245,600 1,316,900 159,000	3,427,000 1,339,000 68,800	3,587,200 1,318,400 45,200	3,350,400 1,339,000 68,800	3,507,700 1,318,400 45,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,721,500	4,834,800	4,950,800	4,758,200	4,871,300
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE Restricted Funds Federal Funds	3,650,000 1,071,500	4,034,800 800,000	4,150,800 800,000	3,958,200 800,000	4,071,300 800,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,721,500	4,834,800	4,950,800	4,758,200	4,871,300

The objective of the Information and Education program is to teach Kentuckians to safely enjoy the recreational opportunities provided by fish and wildlife resources and to create an appreciation and understanding of the need to conserve these resources.

Conservation Education leaders teach approximately 1,200 classes each month for seven months of the school year involving some 85,000 students in the fifth and sixth grades. In addition, they also conduct a conservation camp program during the summer for up to 6,500 students at Camp John Currie, Benton; Camp Earl Wallace, Monticello; and Camp Robert Webb, Grayson. Hunter training officers conduct hunter education courses throughout the state. Each year approximately 15,000 participants receive certification cards.

The Salato Wildlife Education Center at the Game Farm in Frankfort includes a new facility, native landscaping, and live animal exhibits where visitors can learn to appreciate Kentucky's habitat and restoration efforts for wildlife. The Game Farm and Education Center is expected to draw approximately 125,000 visitors annually.

The Public Information program is responsible for the publication and distribution of the bimonthly magazine, <u>Kentucky Afield</u>, and the production of the weekly <u>Kentucky Afield</u> television program. In addition, this program is responsible for providing information about all Department activities and programs to sportspersons and the general public.

Tourism Development Fish and Wildlife Resources Law Enforcement

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Current Receipts	10,557,000	10,622,400	10,894,100	10,622,400	10,894,100
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	10,557,000	10,622,400	10,894,100	10,622,400	10,894,100
Current Receipts	500,000	700,000	700,000	700,000	700,000
Total Federal Funds	500,000	700,000	700,000	700,000	700,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	11,057,000	11,322,400	11,594,100	11,322,400	11,594,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	8,899,100	9,430,400	9,955,000	9,430,400	9,955,000
Operating Expenses	1,136,100	1,164,600	1,193,600	1,164,600	1,193,600
Capital Outlay	1,021,800	727,400	445,500	727,400	445,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,057,000	11,322,400	11,594,100	11,322,400	11,594,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	10,557,000	10,622,400	10,894,100	10,622,400	10,894,100
Federal Funds	500,000	700,000	700,000	700,000	700,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,057,000	11,322,400	11,594,100	11,322,400	11,594,100

The Law Enforcement program is responsible for enforcing fish, wildlife, and boating laws. Officers assist other federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies in the enforcement of all criminal laws in the Commonwealth. Officers also provide assistance to the public during times of natural disasters such as floods, forest fires, and severe winter weather.

Conservation officers contact approximately 190,000 resource users, initiate approximately 9,300 prosecutions, issue approximately 4,500 warning notices, and assist approximately 2,000 motorists each year. An officer's average patrol area is 250 square miles.

Transportation

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
General Fund					
Regular Appropriation Continuing Appropriation	6,346,000 3,888,200	9,530,300 3,888,200	9,536,300 3,888,200	6,861,400	6,097,200
Total General Fund	10,234,200	13,418,500	13,424,500	6,861,400	6,097,200
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	42,673,200	6,248,200	3,431,100	6,297,900	3,729,000
Current Receipts	186,561,900	99,764,700	101,495,000	92,564,700	94,295,000
Non-Revenue Receipts	-282,300	829,600	858,300	-670,400	-641,700
Total Restricted Funds	228,952,800	106,842,500	105,784,400	98,192,200	97,382,300
Federal Funds					
Balance Forward	4,180,200			1,824,200	1,824,200
Current Receipts	387,207,500	471,699,000	480,603,000	504,376,600	513,480,600
Non-Revenue Receipts	425,000	375,000	375,000	375,000	375,000
Total Federal Funds	391,812,700	472,074,000	480,978,000	506,575,800	515,679,800
Road Fund					
Regular Appropriation Surplus Expenditure Plan	1,031,177,300 22,652,400	1,340,937,500	1,294,870,400	1,094,720,800	1,122,754,600
Total Road Fund	1,053,829,700	1,340,937,500	1,294,870,400	1,094,720,800	1,122,754,600
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,684,829,400	1,933,272,500	1,895,057,300	1,706,350,200	1,741,913,900
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	281,999,400	303,781,400	316,760,700	297,628,900	308,832,600
Operating Expenses	158,465,554	208,935,600	212,750,800	205,303,500	205,247,200
Grants, Loans or Benefits	126,772,100	142,906,400	145,421,300	145,327,400	147,896,800
Debt Service	178,321,900	177,083,900	178,035,200	174,127,700	179,545,300
Capital Outlay	13,579,500	14,112,500	17,160,200	12,227,200	13,395,800
Construction	917,568,846	1,079,133,400	1,018,639,800	866,182,300	882,469,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,676,707,300	1,925,953,200	1,888,768,000	1,700,797,000	1,737,387,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	10,234,200	9,530,300	9,536,300	6,861,400	6,097,200
Restricted Funds	222,654,900	103,411,400	103,383,300	94,463,200	94,679,700
Federal Funds	389,988,500	472,074,000	480,978,000	504,751,600	513,855,600
Road Fund	1,053,829,700	1,340,937,500	1,294,870,400	1,094,720,800	1,122,754,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,676,707,300	1,925,953,200	1,888,768,000	1,700,797,000	1,737,387,100
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
General Administration and Support	86,441,000	92,786,600	94,476,900	90,215,200	94,161,400
Air Transportation	4,966,600	14,161,600	14,218,300	13,817,800	13,818,800
Rail Transportation	72,000	75,300	78,100	75,300	78,100
Public Transportation	11,373,200	15,703,200	15,983,400	15,355,700	14,921,400
Revenue Sharing	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
Highways	1,164,138,700	1,382,740,200	1,333,832,800	1,161,848,100	1,186,705,600
Vehicle Regulation	34,607,000	37,558,200	40,719,400	34,343,200	35,209,700
Debt Service	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,676,707,300	1,925,953,200	1,888,768,000	1,700,797,000	1,737,387,100

The Transportation Cabinet had its origin as an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky in 1912 when the General Assembly established the Department of Highways. The scope of this original unit was significantly broadened by Executive Order 72-288 and 73-54 (confirmed by 1974 legislation), which created the Department of Transportation as a consolidation of the Departments of Highways, Motor Transportation, and Aeronautics, plus certain transportation-related functions of the Department of Public Safety and the Department of Revenue. In accordance with action of the 1982 General Assembly, the Transportation Cabinet was established as a successor to the Department of Transportation and assumed all of the duties formerly associated with it. In 1998, KRS 12.250 codified the Transportation Cabinet as a program cabinet.

The Transportation Cabinet is responsible for maintaining and improving the delivery of transportation services in the Commonwealth. All modes of transportation are addressed by the Cabinet, including air transportation, railroads, waterways, public mass transit, and highways. The organization is headed by the Secretary of Transportation, who is appointed by the Governor. The Kentucky Revised Statutes, principally in Titles XV and XVI, which deal with roads, waterways, aviation, and motor vehicles, specify the duties and responsibilities of the Cabinet.

The Cabinet receives funding from a variety of sources, mainly the state Road Fund, proceeds from bonds issued by the Kentucky Turnpike Authority, and federal aid apportionments for highways. Other revenue sources are agency receipts, non-highway federal aid, and the state General Fund. The major revenue components of the Road Fund are the motor fuels tax, motor vehicle usage taxes, license and privilege taxes, toll road receipts, interest income, and miscellaneous departmental fees, permits, and sales.

Eight major budget units comprise the Transportation Cabinet: General Administration and Support, Air Transportation, Rail Transportation, Public Transportation, Revenue Sharing, Highways, Vehicle Regulation, and Debt Service. Organizationally, the agency is divided into six departments and nine offices. The departments, each headed by a commissioner directly responsible to the Secretary are Administrative Services, Fiscal Management, Human Resources Management, Vehicle Regulation, Rural and Municipal Aid, and Highways. The remaining units are the Office of Public Relations and the Office of Policy and Budget, which are responsible to the Office of the Secretary. The Office of Transportation Delivery, the Office of General Counsel and Legislative Affairs, and the Office of Minority Affairs are responsible to the Deputy Secretary for Administration. The Office of Program Planning and Management, the Office of Project Development, the Office of Construction and Operation, and the Office of Intermodal Programs are responsible to the State Highway Engineer in the Department of Highways.

Policy

The Consensus Forecasting Group revised the Road Fund revenue estimates for fiscal years 2001 and 2002 as of May 11, 2000, including the effects of House Bill 911. The revised estimates of \$1,118,110,300 for fiscal year 2001 and \$1,162,861,200 for fiscal year 2002 are incorporated in the table below, as are the revised appropriations.

The enacted Road Fund budget provides expenditure authority from the following sources:

	Fiscal Year 2001	Fiscal Year 2002
Official Road Fund Estimate Non-Revenue Receipts Road Fund Surplus/Carry Forward	1,118,110,300 125,000 18,823,900	1,162,861,200 125,000 1,616,400
Total Available Road Fund	1,137,059,200	1,164,602,600
Road Fund Appropriations		
Operating Budget Transportation Cabinet Justice Cabinet Revenue Cabinet Finance and Administration Cabinet	1,094,720,800 30,000,000 1,385,000 4,067,000	1,122,754,600 30,000,000 1,418,000 4,076,000
Capital Budget Transportation Cabinet	10,370,000	6,654,000
Total Road Fund Appropriations (Appropriation Reduction – HB911)	1,140,542,800 (5,100,000)	1,164,902,600 (300,000)
Net Road Fund Appropriations	1,135,442,800	1,164,602,600

Transportation General Administration and Support

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	8,522,600	4,934,700	2,043,600	4,934,700	2,041,800
Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	20,966,400	22,560,500	23,351,200	22,560,500 -1,500,000	23,351,200 -1,500,000
Total Restricted Funds Road Fund	29,489,000	27,495,200	25,394,800	25,995,200	23,893,000
Regular Appropriation	61,886,700	67,335,000	70,155,900	66,261,800	71,342,200
Total Road Fund	61,886,700	67,335,000	70,155,900	66,261,800	71,342,200
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	91,375,700	94,830,200	95,550,700	92,257,000	95,235,200
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	30,939,000	33,850,800	35,304,300	33,164,800	34,434,000
Operating Expenses	32,178,800	35,496,500	36,131,900	37,891,600	36,559,700
Grants, Loans or Benefits	40,000	40,200	40,600	40,200	40,600
Debt Service	9,688,400	9,359,600	7,822,900	6,852,000	9,691,000
Capital Outlay	13,516,800	13,961,200	15,098,000	12,188,300	13,356,900
Construction	78,000	78,300	79,200	78,300	79,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	86,441,000	92,786,600	94,476,900	90,215,200	94,161,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	24,554,300	25,451,600	24,321,000	23,953,400	22,819,200
Road Fund	61,886,700	67,335,000	70,155,900	66,261,800	71,342,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	86,441,000	92,786,600	94,476,900	90,215,200	94,161,400
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Secretary	5,997,500	6,520,700	6,802,100	6,433,400	6,708,100
Administrative Services	67,114,700	71,786,700	72,737,800	69,770,700	73,062,600
Fiscal Management	5,503,000	6,111,900	6,369,100	5,898,100	6,145,100
Human Resource Management	7,825,800	8,367,300	8,567,900	8,113,000	8,245,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	86,441,000	92,786,600	94,476,900	90,215,200	94,161,400

The General Administration and Support appropriation unit provides the Transportation Cabinet with the broad range of management and administrative capabilities required for both general policy making and efficient day-to-day operations. Included within this unit are four separate department level programs: Office of the Secretary, Administrative Services, Fiscal Management, and Human Resources Management.

The Office of the Secretary encompasses the Office of the Secretary of Transportation, the Office of Policy and Budget, the Office of Minority Affairs, the Office of General Counsel and Legislative Affairs, and the Office of Public Affairs. These units provide leadership, management, and staff support to the Transportation Cabinet and provide the Secretary the managerial tools necessary to operate the Cabinet. The Office of Policy and Budget manages the Cabinet's financial resources. The Office of Minority Affairs conducts programs to assist minorities in employment and procurement of highway construction contracts. The Office of General Counsel and Legislative Affairs provides the agency with the required legal representation in matters before administrative boards and all levels of the court system. This Office is also responsible for drafting legislation and regulations for the Cabinet. The Office of Public Relations is responsible for the Cabinet's communications with employees, the news media, and the general public.

The Department of Administrative Services encompasses the program areas, Information Technology, Property and Supp Services, Administration, and Fleet Management. The Division of Information Technology handles the information technology program area and is responsible for all information processing functions in the Cabinet. The Division of Property and Supp Services handles the purchasing, receiving, storing, inventory, and issuance to each Cabinet unit, the office, engineering ar laboratory supplies, equipment, and furniture necessary to operate. Also, this program area maintains the Cabinet's responsible budget unit for paying the Cabinet's debt service on the new transportation office building and parking garage. The Administration program area is comprised of the Commissioner of Administrative Services, which handles the administrative functions of the Cabinet and implement policies and programs as set forth by the Secretary. This program area also contains a Administrative Earnings account which accrues reimbursement from non-Road Fund supported units for the various types of administrative support provided by Road Fund units. The Toll Facilities Division is also under the direction of the Administratic program. The Division of Fleet Management operates the statewide Motor Pool. The Motor Pool encompasses the passenge vehicles of all state agencies.

The Department of Fiscal Management is composed of the Office of the Commissioner of Fiscal Management, the Division of Accounts, the Division of Road Fund Audits, and the Division of Purchases. The Office of the Commissioner is responsible for the direction and oversight of the three divisions. This Office also has two audit branches organizationally attached to it, the Internal Audit Branch and the External Audit Branch. The Internal Audit Branch audits the Cabinet's compliance with regulational policies, and procedures and reports directly to the Secretary. The External Audit Branch performs financial and compliance audits of contractors doing business with the Cabinet and reports directly to the Division of Professional Services in the Department of Highways. These protocols assure maximum organizational independence for the auditors. The Division of Accounts is a service program providing for the general accounting, payroll, accounts receivable and payable processing, ar financial reporting requirements of the Cabinet. This is accomplished with the support of the statewide Management an Administrative Reporting System, (MARS). The Division of Road Fund Audits is the program area responsible for auditin Kentucky Road Fund revenues. The Division of Purchases is responsible for procuring commodities and services for the Cabinet. This Division shares responsibility with other divisions in the Department for supporting MARS and the administrative processes relating to procurement.

The Department of Human Resources Management was established by Executive Order 98-1596, in accordance with KR Chapter 174, is responsible for the Cabinet's human resources policies and personnel utilization and development program: The Department of Human Resources Management is composed of the Office of the Commissioner, the Division of Personn Services, the Division of Employee Recruitment and Development, the Division of Employee Safety and Health, and the Division Worker's Compensation. The Office of the Commissioner provides direction and oversight of the aforementioned division: The Division of Personnel Services provides personnel services for all the Cabinet's employees, as well as applicants seekin employment with the Cabinet. The Division of Employee Recruitment and Development provides computer and generate memployee training. The Division of Employee Safety and Health formulates safety programs, policies, practices, and procedure for all Cabinet employees. The Division of Worker's Compensation administers laws, policies, and procedures pursuant to KR Chapter 342. The Transportation Cabinet is self-insured with regard to worker's compensation

Policy

The enacted budget provides additional Road Fund support in the Office of Secretary for the enhancement of the Equation Employment Opportunity (EEO), Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE), and other related programs in the Office of Minoria Affairs. This funding of \$203,900 in fiscal year 2001 and \$207,700 in fiscal year 2002 provides for the salary and operating cost of one additional employee, and other contractual services associated with the program

The Department of Administrative Services, Division of Property and Supply, is the unit responsible for the debt service on the New Transportation Cabinet Office Building and Parking Structure identified in the Cabinet's capital budget. Road Fund supposed the debt service identified in the enacted budget totals \$6,852,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$9,691,000 in fiscal year 2002. I addition, the Division of Property and Supply operating budget contains Road Fund support of \$50,000 in both fiscal years for the Paving and Landscaping project, \$50,000 in each fiscal year for the Asbestos Abatement project, and \$105,000 in fiscal year 2001 for the Fax Machine replacement project

The 2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth provides additional Road Fund support of \$300,000 in each year of the biennium to the Division of Information Technology to expand the Geographic Information Systems

Additional Road Fund support is provided in the enacted budget for an enhanced Pre-construction Management System. Th funding is provided to the Division of Information Technology, with \$500,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2001.

The enacted budget provides additional Road Fund support to the Division of Information Technology for MARS licensing an support. The additional funds total \$563,100 in fiscal year 2001 and \$606,500 in fiscal year 2002.

The enacted budget provides additional Road Fund support for development of the Empower Kentucky initiative, Constructic

Management System. The additional funds are provided to the Division of Information Technology with \$500,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$665,000 in fiscal year 2002.

The Division of Fleet Management is provided with \$51,300 in restricted agency funds in fiscal year 2002 to re-institute Empower Kentucky savings to this Internal Service Unit.

The enacted budget provides the Department of Fiscal Management \$120,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$110,000 in fiscal year 2002 to hire two additional fiscal officers to oversee available resources in order to move construction projects forward in a mortimely manner through an authorized pre-financing program

The Department of Human Resources Management is provided additional Road Fund support to hire two Recruitment / Trainir personnel. The funding provided is \$120,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$110,000 in fiscal year 2002.

Transportation Air Transportation

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation Continuing Appropriation	2,267,000 2,310,100	2,321,400 2,310,100	2,377,100 2,310,100		
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	4,577,100	4,631,500	4,687,200		
Balance Forward Current Receipts	24,300 30,500	24,300 11,631,200	24,300 11,632,200	24,300 5,531,200	24,300 5,532,200
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	54,800	11,655,500	11,656,500	5,555,500	5,556,500
Current Receipts	359,000	209,000	209,000	8,286,600	8,286,600
Total Federal Funds	359,000	209,000	209,000	8,286,600	8,286,600
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	4,990,900	16,496,000	16,552,700	13,842,100	13,843,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	618,500	654,200	682,500	648,000	679,400
Operating Expenses	176,500	198,700	204,700	189,500	189,500
Grants, Loans or Benefits	4,146,600	13,283,200	13,305,100	12,967,800	12,937,400
Capital Outlay	25,000	25,500	26,000	12,500	12,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,966,600	14,161,600	14,218,300	13,817,800	13,818,800
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	4,577,100	2,321,400	2,377,100		
Restricted Funds	30,500	11,631,200	11,632,200	5,531,200	5,532,200
Federal Funds	359,000	209,000	209,000	8,286,600	8,286,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,966,600	14,161,600	14,218,300	13,817,800	13,818,800
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Air Regulatory	89,000	106,400	110,300	103,100	107,200
Air Development	4,877,600	14,055,200	14,108,000	13,714,700	13,711,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,966,600	14,161,600	14,218,300	13,817,800	13,818,800

The Air Transportation program is charged under KRS 183.090(1) to inspect and determine the safety and adequacy of all airport facilities in the state. There are 135 airports and heliports, which require the issuance of certificates of approval of licenses for operation. The legislative mandate, KRS 183.861, charges the Kentucky Airport Zoning Commission with the protection and safety of the navigable airspace within the state. The program also provides for the development of airports throughout the state with financial grants and administration, implementation, and management of airport construction, maintenance, striping, and flight services.

The passage of House Bill 444 by the 1998 General Assembly and codified in KRS 183.525 established the Kentucky Aviation Economic Development Fund. Beginning July 1, 2000, all sales and use taxes collected on the sale of aviation jet fuel are to be deposited into this account. The funds are to be administered by the Transportation Cabinet for the purpose of airport construction and maintenance projects at publicly owned or operated airports in the Commonwealth.

Policy

The provisions of KRS 183.525(5) are suspended during the 2000-2002 biennium, and available funds may be utilized for the operations of the Air Transportation program.

Transportation Rail Transportation

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	72,000	75,300	78,100	75,300	78,100
Total General Fund	72,000	75,300	78,100	75,300	78,100
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	72,000	75,300	78,100	75,300	78,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	61,000	64,200	66,900	64,200	66,900
Operating Expenses	11,000	11,100	11,200	11,100	11,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	72,000	75,300	78,100	75,300	78,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	72,000	75,300	78,100	75,300	78,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	72,000	75,300	78,100	75,300	78,100

The Rail Transportation program is comprised of the Kentucky Railroad Commission. Section 209 of the Kentucky Constitution and KRS Chapter 276 established the Railroad Commission of Kentucky. The Commission is responsible for regulation and safety of Kentucky's railway system, including regulating rates and tariffs.

Transportation Public Transportation

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation Continuing Appropriation	4,007,000 1,578,100	7,133,600 1,578,100	7,081,100 1,578,100	6,786,100	6,019,100
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	5,585,100	8,711,700	8,659,200	6,786,100	6,019,100
Balance Forward Non-Revenue Receipts	1,316,700 -282,300	348,300 829,600	348,300 858,300	348,300 829,600	348,300 858,300
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	1,034,400	1,177,900	1,206,600	1,177,900	1,206,600
Balance Forward Current Receipts	2,356,000 2,746,000	7,740,000	8,044,000	7,740,000	8,044,000
Total Federal Funds	5,102,000	7,740,000	8,044,000	7,740,000	8,044,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	11,721,500	17,629,600	17,909,800	15,704,000	15,269,700
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses Grants, Loans or Benefits	1,299,400 350,500 9,723,300	2,336,900 490,300 12,876,000	2,246,600 500,200 13,236,600	1,516,900 440,000 13,398,800	1,426,600 448,000 13,046,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,373,200	15,703,200	15,983,400	15,355,700	14,921,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	5,585,100 686,100 5,102,000	7,133,600 829,600 7,740,000	7,081,100 858,300 8,044,000	6,786,100 829,600 7,740,000	6,019,100 858,300 8,044,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,373,200	15,703,200	15,983,400	15,355,700	14,921,400

The Public Transportation Development program provides technical and financial assistance to public transportation providers throughout the Commonwealth principally through the following federal programs: Section 5303 of the 1964 UMTA Act funds technical assistance; operating, administrative, and capital assistance is funded by Section 5311; additional capital assistance is afforded by Section 5309, 5310, and Section 5307. KRS 96A.095 and KAR 603 7:030 authorize state funding for these programs, which include 51 Public Transportation (Transit) providers and seven Metropolitan Planning Organizations. Also located within this budget unit is the Multi-Modal Planning function, which is concerned with addressing the development of the various types of transportation modes as part of an efficient, interrelated system. Both activities are performed by the Division of Multi-Modal Programs.

This program area also handles the distribution of grants to county governments for the transportation of non-public school students.

Expenditures by Unit of the sub-programs encompassed in the Public Transportation program are reflected below:

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Multi-Modal Planning	662,700	685,700
Non-Public School Student Transportation	2,750,000	3,000,000
Human Services Transportation Delivery	829,600	858,300
Public Transportation	11,113,400	10,377,400

Transportation Revenue Sharing

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Road Fund					
Regular Appropriation	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
Total Road Fund	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	18,313,200	19,691,000	20,676,500	19,669,200	20,652,600
Operating Expenses	26,963,554	27,447,600	27,708,000	27,469,400	27,731,900
Grants, Loans or Benefits	112,862,200	116,707,000	118,839,000	118,920,600	121,872,000
Construction	48,336,346	51,806,800	52,381,300	51,806,800	52,381,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Road Fund	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Revenue Sharing	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	206,475,300	215,652,400	219,604,800	217,866,000	222,637,800

There are four components of the Revenue Sharing program: County Road Aid, Rural Secondary, Municipal Road Aid, and the Energy Recovery Road Fund. All of these programs are mandated and controlled by statute, with the distribution of funds based on the amount of certain taxes or fees collected.

The County Road Aid program and the Rural Secondary program are set up to distribute a portion of the state's motor fuels tax collections to counties. Authorized by KRS 179.410-179.415, the County Road Aid program distributes 18.3 percent of the total motor fuels tax collections, with the funds being sent to the counties monthly. The Rural Secondary program, authorized by KRS 177.320, provides maintenance on secondary and rural roads and is funded by 22.2 percent of the motor fuels tax collections. The Department of Highways administers this program with the funds being expended on behalf of the counties.

Funds for both these programs are allocated through a formula known as the statutory "formula of fifths," as stated in KRS 177.360. Each county receives a portion of the statewide total as follows: one-fifth is divided evenly among all counties, one-fifth is divided proportionately based on the amount of rural population in each county, one-fifth is distributed on the basis of rural road mileage in each county, and two-fifths is apportioned according to each county's share of the total land area in the state

The Municipal Road Aid program is established under the authority of KRS 177.365 and funding is also a statutorily mandated portion (7.7 percent) of the motor fuels tax collections. Distribution is made through a formula based on the population contained in each city or unincorporated urban area.

County Fiscal Courts and the governments of local municipalities may enter into contracts with the Transportation Cabinet to assist them in administering their County Road Aid and Municipal Road Aid funds.

KRS 177.977-177.979 establishes the Energy Recovery Road Fund, which allows for the transport of coal over certain roads at extended vehicle weights when a special fee is paid. The fees are then used for the upkeep of these same roads. In addition, the statutes allow for cooperative agreements between coal haulers and the Cabinet to provide funds for maintaining roads on which non-registered trucks may travel.

Expenditures by Unit of the sub-programs encompassed in the Revenue Sharing program are reflected below:

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
County Road Aid	82,403,500	84,215,200
Rural Secondary	99,965,000	102,162,800
Municipal Aid	34,672,500	35,434,800
Energy Recovery Road	825,000	825,000

Transportation Highways

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	31,666,800	93,300	417,000	93,300	667,000
Current Receipts	162,949,500	62,897,700	63,809,600	61,797,700	62,709,600
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	194,616,300	62,991,000	64,226,600	61,891,000	63,376,600
Balance Forward	1,824,200			1,824,200	1,824,200
Current Receipts	382,602,500	461,900,000	470,500,000	486,500,000	495,300,000
Total Federal Funds Road Fund	384,426,700	461,900,000	470,500,000	488,324,200	497,124,200
Regular Appropriation Surplus Expenditure Plan	564,360,800 22,652,400	858,266,200	799,738,400	614,124,100	628,911,200
Total Road Fund	587,013,200	858,266,200	799,738,400	614,124,100	628,911,200
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,166,056,200	1,383,157,200	1,334,465,000	1,164,339,300	1,189,412,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	205,200,200	219,322,100	228,827,200	216,341,100	224,493,800
Operating Expenses Debt Service	89,746,300	135,595,400 448,600	138,432,100 358,000	131,183,400	132,176,500
Capital Outlay	37,700	125,800	36,200	26,400	26,400
Construction	869,154,500	1,027,248,300	966,179,300	814,297,200	830,008,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,164,138,700	1,382,740,200	1,333,832,800	1,161,848,100	1,186,705,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	194,523,000	62,574,000	63,594,400	61,224,000	62,494,400
Federal Funds	382,602,500	461,900,000	470,500,000	486,500,000	495,300,000
Road Fund	587,013,200	858,266,200	799,738,400	614,124,100	628,911,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,164,138,700	1,382,740,200	1,333,832,800	1,161,848,100	1,186,705,600
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Research	2,666,000	3,084,600	3,103,700	3,050,000	3,060,000
Construction	936,931,900	1,093,282,400	1,031,336,400	878,077,400	894,985,900
Maintenance	185,752,500	210,134,000	217,309,600	206,171,600	211,033,500
Engineering Administration	9,547,000	10,394,400	10,728,400	9,714,200	10,083,800
Planning	8,320,500	10,096,900	10,240,600	9,803,200	9,968,600
Highway Operations	19,920,800	21,273,900	21,869,700	20,557,700	21,079,400
Equipment Services	1,000,000	34,474,000	39,244,400	34,474,000	36,494,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,164,138,700	1,382,740,200	1,333,832,800	1,161,848,100	1,186,705,600

The Highways appropriation unit is the largest major program in the Transportation Cabinet. There are seven individual program areas, which encompass the activities of this unit: Research, Construction, Maintenance, Engineering Administration, Highway Planning, Highway Operations, and Equipment Services. The Construction program is divided into three subprograms: Bond Funded Construction, State Funded Construction, and Federal Funded Construction.

The Department of Highways is responsible for the construction, reconstruction, and maintenance of the State Primary Road System through authority granted by KRS 177.020. The Department is headed by a Commissioner who is appointed by the Governor on recommendation of the Secretary of Transportation. This agency administers all of the programs listed within the Highways appropriation unit.

Motor vehicles travel some 47 billion miles per year on Kentucky's 73,000 miles of roads and streets. The State Primary Roa System carries approximately 85 percent of all traffic. This network consists of approximately 27,500 miles of interstal highways, resource recovery roads, parkways, economic development roads, primary, secondary, rural, and unclassified road and some 8,800 bridges. Kentucky's parkway system, consisting of more than 700 miles of state roads built to interstal standards, is one of the largest in the nation.

Transportation Highways Research

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Federal Funds					
Current Receipts	1,600,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Total Federal Funds Road Fund	1,600,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Regular Appropriation	1,066,000	1,084,600	1,103,700	1,050,000	1,060,000
Total Road Fund	1,066,000	1,084,600	1,103,700	1,050,000	1,060,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	2,666,000	3,084,600	3,103,700	3,050,000	3,060,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	2,376,000	2,794,600	2,813,700	2,760,000	2,770,000
Operating Expenses	290,000	290,000	290,000	290,000	290,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,666,000	3,084,600	3,103,700	3,050,000	3,060,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Federal Funds	1,600,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Road Fund	1,066,000	1,084,600	1,103,700	1,050,000	1,060,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,666,000	3,084,600	3,103,700	3,050,000	3,060,000
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Transportation Research	2,376,000	2,794,600	2,813,700	2,760,000	2,770,000
Transportation Center	290,000	290,000	290,000	290,000	290,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,666,000	3,084,600	3,103,700	3,050,000	3,060,000

The Research program is primarily a problem solving service available to the Department of Highways. The program provides studies relating to traffic safety and operations, pavement mechanics and performance, and materials characteristics and behavior. The Research function is mandated by the Commonwealth's use of federal highway funds in accordance with Title 23 of the Federal Code.

This program also distributes the statutory funding for the Kentucky Transportation Center at the University of Kentucky. The amount provided under KRS Chapter 177 is one-tenth of one percent of the motor fuels tax collections, not to exceed \$190,000 per year from the State Road Fund. The 1992, 1994, 1996, and 1998 Budget Bills mandated the transfer of an additional \$100,000 per year from the Revenue Sharing appropriation unit to this program for the Kentucky Transportation Center. Total funding for the Center of \$290,000 each year was thereby provided in the stated fiscal biennia.

Policy

The enacted budget provides for the continuation of the transfer of \$100,000 per year from the Revenue Sharing appropriation unit to fund the Kentucky Transportation Center at an annual rate of \$290,000.

Transportation Highways Construction

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds Balance Forward	31,740,400				
Current Receipts	159,682,600	26,000,000	26,000,000	26,000,000	26,000,000
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	191,423,000	26,000,000	26,000,000	26,000,000	26,000,000
Balance Forward Current Receipts	1,824,200 374,887,000	452,400,000	460,900,000	1,824,200 477,000,000	1,824,200 485,700,000
Total Federal Funds Road Fund	376,711,200	452,400,000	460,900,000	478,824,200	487,524,200
Regular Appropriation Surplus Expenditure Plan	347,969,500 22,652,400	614,882,400	544,436,400	375,077,400	383,285,900
Total Road Fund	370,621,900	614,882,400	544,436,400	375,077,400	383,285,900
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	938,756,100	1,093,282,400	1,031,336,400	879,901,600	896,810,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses Construction	61,648,900 9,774,300 865,508,700	65,061,900 9,829,400 1,018,391,100	68,232,600 9,932,900 953,170,900	64,472,200 9,829,400 803,775,800	66,932,700 9,932,900 818,120,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	936,931,900	1,093,282,400	1,031,336,400	878,077,400	894,985,900
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE Restricted Funds Federal Funds Road Fund	191,423,000 374,887,000 370,621,900	26,000,000 452,400,000 614,882,400	26,000,000 460,900,000 544,436,400	26,000,000 477,000,000 375,077,400	26,000,000 485,700,000 383,285,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	936,931,900	1,093,282,400	1,031,336,400	878,077,400	894,985,900
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT Bond Funded Construction State Funded Construction Federal Funded Construction	167,458,000 273,804,600 495,669,300	518,482,400 574,800,000	445,736,400 585,600,000	274,077,400 604,000,000	280,385,900 614,600,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	936,931,900	1,093,282,400	1,031,336,400	878,077,400	894,985,900

The Construction program is the largest single funding component within the Highways appropriation unit. It encompasses all construction and major reconstruction of roadways, which are a part of the State Primary Road System. The Construction Program is divided into three sub-programs: Bond Funded Construction, State Funded Construction, and Federal Funded Construction.

Bond Funded Construction has been utilized by the Commonwealth for the construction of several different road "systems" over the past 40 years. General Obligation Bonds were sold to finance the original construction of the Interstate System. The Turnpike Authority of Kentucky was created and sold revenue bonds to generate proceeds, which were expended to build the Toll Road System, which criss-crosses the state. Resource Recovery Bonds were sold in the late 1970's for construction of the Resource Recovery Road System, a network of highways over which coal resources could be efficiently hauled. The Turnpike Authority sold bonds in 1984, 1987, 1990, 1993, 1995, and 1999 for projects identified as part of the Economic Development Road System. All of the roads constructed using proceeds from Turnpike Authority bonds are built by the Cabinet on behalf of the Authority, and then are leased to the Cabinet until the bonds are retired, at which time they are transferred to the Cabinet and become a part of the state highway system.

State Funded Construction provides for many highway improvement needs, emergency needs, industrial access roads, parkward primary road pavement rehabilitation, and other projects unsuited for or in excess of available federal funding. The states resurfacing program is a part of this sub-program area and provides for resurfacing of roads in the state maintained highwards system.

The Federal Construction program addresses the major construction, reconstruction, and rehabilitation needs for nearly 12,00 miles of Interstate, primary, secondary, urban systems, and Appalachian routes across the state. This funding is provided undititles 23 and 40 of the U.S. Code. Extensive changes in the programs, which provide federal funds to the states, were made the Transportation Equity Act for the 2ft Century, (TEA-21), which was enacted by Congress in 1998

Policy

Within the State Funded Construction Program, the enacted budget provides Road Fund support in the amount of \$64.5 millic in fiscal year 2001 and \$66 million in fiscal year 2002 for state resurfacing projects and \$500,000 in each year of the biennium for the specialized contracts account. The State Resurfacing Program includes approximately \$13 million made available throug the continued suspension of statutory deposits to the Debt Payment Acceleration Fund (KRS 175.505). Road Fund support also provided to the Highway Construction Contingency Account with \$36 million in fiscal year 2001 and \$37 million in fiscal year 2002.

The enacted budget provides Road Fund support for state construction projects in the 2000 – 2002 Biennial Highwa Construction Program in the amount of \$167,077,400 in fiscal year 2001 and \$170,885,900 in fiscal year 2002.

State Road Funds are provided in the Federal Funded Construction program totaling \$107,000,000 in fiscal year 2001 an \$108,900,000 in fiscal year 2002 to provide the anticipated required state participation in federally funded project:

The enacted budget directs the Secretary of Transportation to develop and implement a program to expedite projects in the Biennial Highway Construction Plan by using pre-financing and other management techniques, while ensuring that project and fund balances are sufficient to satisfy expenditures within the appropriations provided

Transportation Highways Maintenance

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	-166,900				250,000
Current Receipts	2,266,900	2,100,000	2,100,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total Restricted Funds	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	1,000,000	1,250,000
Road Fund					
Regular Appropriation	183,652,500	208,034,000	215,209,600	205,421,600	210,033,500
Total Road Fund	183,652,500	208,034,000	215,209,600	205,421,600	210,033,500
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	185,752,500	210,134,000	217,309,600	206,421,600	211,283,500
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	92,473,500	98,158,400	102,710,900	96,648,000	100,839,700
Operating Expenses	92,747,500	111,441,400	114,059,200	107,325,200	108,024,100
Capital Outlay	400	400	400	400	400
Construction	531,100	533,800	539,100	2,198,000	2,169,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	185,752,500	210,134,000	217,309,600	206,171,600	211,033,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000	750,000	1,000,000
Road Fund	183,652,500	208,034,000	215,209,600	205,421,600	210,033,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	185,752,500	210,134,000	217,309,600	206,171,600	211,033,500

The Maintenance program is the unit within the Department of Highways charged with the responsibility of ensuring that the State Primary Road System is maintained in such a manner as to ensure the safest and most serviceable roadways possible. The program goal is to provide the highway user maximum safety and comfort with minimum travel interruptions.

The Maintenance program incorporates six sub-programs consisting of: Roadway Maintenance, Bridge Maintenance, Rest Area Maintenance, Pavement Management, Intelligent Transportation Systems, and Traffic. The Roadway Maintenance unit is responsible for maintenance on the highways in the State Primary Road System. The unit handles routine upkeep such as surface repairs, ditch cleaning, mowing, litter pickup, snow and ice removal, and maintenance relating to drainage, shoulders, and guardrails on approximately 15,200 miles of primary highways and 12,100 miles in the rural secondary roads in Kentucky.

The Rest Area Maintenance program provides upkeep and janitorial services at 29 rest area facilities across the state. Twenty of these sites are maintained under contracts with agencies that hire and train individuals with disabilities. Nine sites are maintained with state forces.

The Bridge Maintenance program performs preservation activities on bridges such as resurfacing, painting, deck repair, and structural work on the Commonwealth's 5,870 primary system bridges.

The Pavement Management program utilizes division personnel to inspect and evaluate, determine improvement strategies, estimate funding needs, and recommend annual priorities of the pavement conditions on the 27,200 miles of state maintained roads.

The Intelligent Transportation Systems was established in the 1998 reorganization of the Cabinet, under Executive Order 98-1596. The Division of Operations assembled a team to analyze and make recommendations for improving traffic flow and freight movement.

The Traffic program is responsible for the installation and maintenance of traffic control devices on approximately 25,000 miles highways. It also maintains a statewide accident surveillance program and reviews all Department design plans for possible operational problems.

Policy

The enacted budget provides additional Road Fund support of \$14,500,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$15,198,900 in fiscal year 2002 for several facets of the Maintenance program. Included in the budget are funds for increased equipment rental costs, PC pavement repairs, roadway maintenance materials, contract railroad crossing maintenance, guardrail installation an replacement, contract bridge repairs, roadway lighting installations, sign structures, intersection materials, and marking:

Road Fund support is approved to provide uniforms for maintenance employees, with \$400,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$450,00 in fiscal year 2002.

Transportation Highways Engineering Administration

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Road Fund					
Regular Appropriation	9,547,000	10,394,400	10,728,400	9,714,200	10,083,800
Total Road Fund	9,547,000	10,394,400	10,728,400	9,714,200	10,083,800
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	9,547,000	10,394,400	10,728,400	9,714,200	10,083,800
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	11,291,600	12,222,600	12,795,500	12,029,300	12,567,400
Operating Expenses	1,831,900	1,848,600	1,868,100	1,452,600	1,452,600
Capital Outlay	8,800	96,800	6,900	5,900	5,900
Construction	-3,585,300	-3,773,600	-3,942,100	-3,773,600	-3,942,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,547,000	10,394,400	10,728,400	9,714,200	10,083,800
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Road Fund	9,547,000	10,394,400	10,728,400	9,714,200	10,083,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,547,000	10,394,400	10,728,400	9,714,200	10,083,800

The Engineering Administration program area provides for the design, right of way acquisition, and construction of all major highway projects on the state-maintained roadway system, and oversees the maintenance and overall operation of the state and federal highway systems within the Commonwealth. This program accounts for general administration and supervision costs not associated with specific construction or maintenance projects. The engineering costs related to specific projects are charged directly to those project accounts and the funds for such charges are budgeted in each Construction sub-program. Although this program involves a large number of employees, only a fraction of the personnel costs for these individuals is funded through the Engineering Administration program unit. There are nine divisions under the Engineering Administration program area: Construction, Materials, Bridge Design, Highway Design, Professional Services, Environmental Analysis, Right of Way and Utilities, Program Management, and Planning.

Policy

The enacted budget provides additional Road Fund support to hire two additional staff to enable the Cabinet to satisfy the reporting requirements as outlined in KRS 176.419 through KRS 176.430. Funding for this function is \$101,300 in fiscal year 2001 and \$106,200 in fiscal year 2002.

Transportation Highways Planning

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Federal Funds					
Current Receipts	6,115,500	7,500,000	7,600,000	7,500,000	7,600,000
Total Federal Funds Road Fund	6,115,500	7,500,000	7,600,000	7,500,000	7,600,000
Regular Appropriation	2,205,000	2,596,900	2,640,600	2,303,200	2,368,600
Total Road Fund	2,205,000	2,596,900	2,640,600	2,303,200	2,368,600
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	8,320,500	10,096,900	10,240,600	9,803,200	9,968,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	7,519,600	9,290,300	9,424,400	9,011,300	9,168,900
Operating Expenses	800,900	806,600	816,200	791,900	799,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,320,500	10,096,900	10,240,600	9,803,200	9,968,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Federal Funds	6,115,500	7,500,000	7,600,000	7,500,000	7,600,000
Road Fund	2,205,000	2,596,900	2,640,600	2,303,200	2,368,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,320,500	10,096,900	10,240,600	9,803,200	9,968,600

The Highway Planning area conducts a comprehensive program of roadway system evaluation for the approximately 70,000 miles of streets and highways in the Commonwealth. The goal of this function is to ensure that available state and federal highway funds are utilized to maximum efficiency. This program area collects and reviews information concerning the physical and operational characteristics of all highway systems in the state. This includes maintaining an inventory of all roadway classifications and preparing city, county, and state road maps for distribution. The unit performs engineering and planning studies for federal aid highway projects and state-financed construction. In addition, the program gathers and furnishes various statistics required by the Federal Highway Administration and state and local government decision-makers.

This budget unit provides oversight for the Cabinet's Transportation Enhancement Program, which involves various beautification and historic preservation projects. The staff also coordinates statewide planning activities with the state's seven Metropolitan Planning Organizations and with the 15 Area Development Districts in the Commonwealth.

Transportation Highways Highway Operations

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Road Fund					
Regular Appropriation	19,920,800	21,273,900	21,869,700	20,557,700	21,079,400
Total Road Fund	19,920,800	21,273,900	21,869,700	20,557,700	21,079,400
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	19,920,800	21,273,900	21,869,700	20,557,700	21,079,400
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	18,062,700	19,287,000	19,833,800	18,937,600	19,439,300
Operating Expenses	1,829,600	1,958,300	2,007,000	1,600,000	1,620,000
Capital Outlay	28,500	28,600	28,900	20,100	20,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,920,800	21,273,900	21,869,700	20,557,700	21,079,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Road Fund	19,920,800	21,273,900	21,869,700	20,557,700	21,079,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,920,800	21,273,900	21,869,700	20,557,700	21,079,400

In accordance with KRS Chapter 176, the Highway Operations program is charged with the administrative functions related directly to the Department of Highways. It encompasses the State Highway Engineer's Office, the Commissioner of Highways Office, the Division of Contract Procurement, and the 12 Highway District Offices located throughout the state. Included in the 12 Highway District Offices are District Legal Offices, which provide legal assistance to the district and reports to the Office of General Counsel and Legislative Affairs. This area's functions include the management of the Department, the procurement of contract services relating to construction and maintenance activities, the assignment of personnel, and the handling of general policy matters relating to the operations of the Cabinet's regional office system. These offices assist and interact with virtually all other functions of the Department of Highways to provide efficient and effective maintenance and construction work throughout the Commonwealth.

Transportation Highways Equipment Services

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	93,300	93,300	417,000	93,300	417,000
Current Receipts	1,000,000	34,797,700	35,709,600	34,797,700	35,709,600
Total Restricted Funds Road Fund	1,093,300	34,891,000	36,126,600	34,891,000	36,126,600
Regular Appropriation			3,750,000		1,000,000
Total Road Fund			3,750,000		1,000,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,093,300	34,891,000	39,876,600	34,891,000	37,126,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	11,827,900	12,507,300	13,016,300	12,482,700	12,775,800
Operating Expenses	-17,527,900	9,421,100	9,458,700	9,894,300	10,057,200
Debt Service		448,600	358,000		
Construction	6,700,000	12,097,000	16,411,400	12,097,000	13,661,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,000,000	34,474,000	39,244,400	34,474,000	36,494,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	1,000,000	34,474,000	35,494,400	34,474,000	35,494,400
Road Fund			3,750,000		1,000,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,000,000	34,474,000	39,244,400	34,474,000	36,494,400

The mission of the Equipment Services program area is to provide highway construction and maintenance equipment for use by the Department of Highways in the accomplishment of its objectives. The unit purchases and maintains all the Cabinet's trucks, heavy equipment, and various pieces of support machinery. This program provides its services through a network of 18 repair garages located throughout the state.

Policy

At the direction of the Office of State Budget Director, this program will convert from Road Fund support to restricted agency fund support, effective with the start of the 2000-2002 biennium. The Division's charges to the users of the equipment will be accounted for as restricted agency funds non-revenue receipts, as opposed to expenditure credits to the Road Fund.

The enacted budget provides \$1,000,000 in additional Road Fund support in fiscal year 2002 to purchase equipment.

Restricted agency funds of \$245,900 are included in the enacted budget in fiscal year 2002 to reinstate funding and a portion of the personnel slots that were captured via the Empower Kentucky Savings Initiative.

Transportation Vehicle Regulation

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	1,142,800	847,600	597,900	897,300	647,600
Current Receipts	2,615,500	2,675,300	2,702,000	2,675,300	2,702,000
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	3,758,300	3,522,900	3,299,900	3,572,600	3,349,600
Current Receipts	1,500,000	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000
Non-Revenue Receipts	425,000	375,000	375,000	375,000	375,000
Total Federal Funds Road Fund	1,925,000	2,225,000	2,225,000	2,225,000	2,225,000
Regular Appropriation	29,821,000	32,408,200	35,517,000	29,193,200	30,009,100
Total Road Fund	29,821,000	32,408,200	35,517,000	29,193,200	30,009,100
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	35,504,300	38,156,100	41,041,900	34,990,800	35,583,700
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	25,568,100	27,862,200	28,956,700	26,224,700	27,079,300
Operating Expenses	9,038,900	9,696,000	9,762,700	8,118,500	8,130,400
Capital Outlay			2,000,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	34,607,000	37,558,200	40,719,400	34,343,200	35,209,700
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	2,861,000	2,925,000	2,977,400	2,925,000	2,975,600
Federal Funds	1,925,000	2,225,000	2,225,000	2,225,000	2,225,000
Road Fund	29,821,000	32,408,200	35,517,000	29,193,200	30,009,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	34,607,000	37,558,200	40,719,400	34,343,200	35,209,700
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Commissioner	1,158,000	1,334,700	1,436,400	1,287,600	1,328,100
Drivers Licensing	8,190,500	8,645,200	8,920,400	8,025,600	8,095,100
Motor Carriers	2,143,500	2,304,500	2,417,100	2,247,300	2,367,600
Motor Vehicle Licensing	5,460,500	6,173,600	8,341,500	5,463,500	5,639,000
Vehicle Enforcement	16,880,000	18,291,400	18,794,000	16,510,400	16,969,900
Motor Vehicle Commission	774,500	808,800	810,000	808,800	810,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	34,607,000	37,558,200	40,719,400	34,343,200	35,209,700

The Department of Vehicle Regulation encompasses the Office of the Commissioner, the Division of Driver Licensing, the Division of Motor Carriers, the Division of Motor Vehicle Licensing, the Division of Motor Vehicle Enforcement, and the Motor Vehicle Commission. Each division within the Department of Vehicle Regulation administers specific chapters of the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

The Administration unit, through the Commissioner's Office, coordinates and provides staff functions for the Vehicle Regulation program. This includes the development of central policies and administrative procedures for the implementation of legislative mandated programs, in addition to providing administrative support services.

The Division of Driver Licensing administers KRS Chapters 186, 187, 189A, 218, and 281A, along with 601 Kentucky Administrative Regulations, Chapters 11, 12, and 13. By law, this Division administers driver history records; enforces driver license suspensions, revocations, driver limitations programs; and provides state traffic school programs. Field offices are located in Louisville, Lexington, Newport, Prestonsburg, Bowling Green, Paducah, Elizabethtown, Hazard, Catlettsburg, Hopkinsville, Madisonville, and Frankfort along with 140 Circuit Clerk Offices, which provide licensing services.

The Division of Motor Carriers performs the following statutory functions: collection and processing fuel and highway use ta from the motor carrier industry (KRS 138.655 through 138.725), register and assign apportioned plates to interstate motor carriers (KRS 186.050), qualify all for-hire transportation within the state (KRS Chapter 281), regulate the rates charged an services rendered by for-hire Kentucky motor carriers of passengers, permitting and routing of over-weight/over-dimensional loads (KRS 189.240), maintain a solid waste permitting system (KRS 174.400), and regulate the States U-Drive-It rental an leasing operations (KRS Chapter 138).

In accordance with the general provisions of KRS Chapters 186, 186A, and 235, the Division of Motor Vehicle Licensing operate and maintains a registration and licensing system for vehicles other than passenger-for-hire types. The Division also calculate and collects fees, issues license tags, and distributes proportional fees to participating states for trucks licensed under th International Registration Plan. In accordance KRS 186A.010 and 186A.015 the Division develops and maintains the Automate Vehicle Information System (AVIS), central title distribution function, and administers the boat numbering, registration, and titlir requirements.

The Division of Motor Vehicle Enforcement administers KRS Chapters: 138, 174, 177, 186, 186A, 189, 189A, and 281. Th Division consists of Central Office staff, sworn officers, and weigh station technicians who enforce all laws and regulatior pertaining to vehicle size, weight, registration, operating authority, fuel tax reporting, insurance, and safety requirements for commercial vehicles. Also, this Division conducts vehicle safety and hazardous materials inspections.

The Motor Vehicle Commission, which is authorized by KRS 190, is attached to the Department of Vehicle Regulation for administrative purposes. The Commission regulates and licenses all motor vehicle manufacturers, dealers, and sales persor engaged in the vehicle business within the Commonwealth. The Commission is funded through various fees, which are deposited to a restricted agency fund account

Policy

The 2000 General Assembly directs that, notwithstanding KRS 186.240, the Transportation Cabinet shall dedicate fifty cen (\$0.50) collected on every license plate issued, be utilized to defray the cost to reflectorize the plates. Receipts collected shall be deposited to a special fund that is to be used to issue new reflectorized license plates every five years. The Transportatic Cabinet is directed to report the amounts deposited and expended on an annual basis to the Interim Joint Committee of Appropriations and Revenue.

Transportation Debt Service

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Road Fund					
Regular Appropriation	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300
Total Road Fund	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Debt Service	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Road Fund	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	168,633,500	167,275,700	169,854,300	167,275,700	169,854,300

The Debt Service program is the budget entity through which payments of principal and interest are made on the revenue bonds the Commonwealth has issued to finance highway construction.

The Kentucky Turnpike Authority sold revenue bonds for the construction of the Commonwealth's system of toll roads in the 1960's. Virtually all of the toll road bonds have been refunded in recent years to take advantage of lower interest rates. Debt service on the outstanding bonds is provided in the form of "lease rental payments" from the Transportation Cabinet to the Turnpike Authority.

The Energy Resource Recovery Act passed by the 1976 General Assembly authorized the issuance of Resource Recovery Road Bonds to finance construction and reconstruction of highways which bear a large portion of Kentucky's coal haul traffic. The original bonds were issued in 1977, 1978, and 1979, and have been refinanced to take advantage of falling interest rates.

In 1980, the General Assembly empowered the Turnpike Authority to issue bonds for the purpose of improving the Commonwealth's Economic Development Road System. The original issue of \$300 million was made in May of 1984 and has since been refunded. The 1990 General Assembly authorized another \$600 million of these bonds in KRS Chapter 175. Approximately \$300 million of these bonds were sold in October 1991, as authorized in the 1990 Appropriations Act; \$150 million in bonds were sold in April 1993, as provided in the 1992 Appropriations Act. The remaining \$150 million in bonds were sold in April 1995, as provided in the 1994 Appropriations Act. Most recently, \$200 million in Economic Development Road Revenue Bonds authorized by the 1998 General Assembly were sold in 1999.

Expenditures by Unit of the sub-programs encompassed in the Debt Service program are reflected below:

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Toll Roads Lease Rental	620,600	620,600
Resource Recovery Lease Rental	36,066,600	12,350,400
Economic Development Lease Rental	130,588,500	156,883,300

Policy

The enacted budget continues the suspension of KRS 175.505 during the 2000-2002 biennium, which provides for deposits to the Debt Payment Acceleration Fund account. The funding made available by this suspension is appropriated for use in the State Funded Construction program.

Workforce Development

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
General Fund					
Regular Appropriation Continuing Appropriation	52,012,600 1,861,900	63,810,200	71,573,600	52,447,300	54,290,200
Total General Fund	53,874,500	63,810,200	71,573,600	52,447,300	54,290,200
Restricted Funds	30,07 4,000	00,010,200	71,070,000	02,447,000	04,200,200
Balance Forward	3,705,200	2,626,700	1,835,700	2,626,700	1,835,700
Current Receipts	7,626,100	7,668,700	7,758,800	7,668,700	7,758,800
Non-Revenue Receipts	30,210,900	34,424,800	32,632,500	34,424,800	32,632,500
Total Restricted Funds	41,542,200	44,720,200	42,227,000	44,720,200	42,227,000
Federal Funds Balance Forward	3,479,700				
Current Receipts	436,803,400	446,534,000	443,189,500	445,134,000	441,789,500
Non-Revenue Receipts	-9,356,000	-10,515,700	-10,632,200	-10,515,700	-10,632,200
Total Federal Funds	430,927,100	436,018,300	432,557,300	434,618,300	431,157,300
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	526,343,800	544,548,700	546,357,900	531,785,800	527,674,500
	020,010,000	011,010,100	0.10,001,000	001,100,000	027,07 1,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS	400 050 000	444 000 000	444 202 200	444 007 000	440 000 500
Personnel Cost	106,656,200	111,293,900	111,303,300 37,784,000	111,887,300 31,516,600	112,238,500
Operating Expenses Grants, Loans or Benefits	29,547,400 385,866,000	32,709,000 397,892,900	395,784,600	385,729,000	32,854,300 381,095,700
Capital Outlay	1,647,500	817,200	563,300	817,200	563,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	523,717,100	542,713,000	545,435,200	529,950,100	526,751,800
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EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE	F2 074 F00	62 040 200	74 570 000	FO 447 200	E4 200 200
General Fund Restricted Funds	53,874,500 38,915,500	63,810,200 42,884,500	71,573,600 41,304,300	52,447,300 42,884,500	54,290,200 41,304,300
Federal Funds	430,927,100	436,018,300	432,557,300	434,618,300	431,157,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	523,717,100	542,713,000	545,435,200	529,950,100	526,751,800
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
General Administration and Program Support	11,440,000	15,472,100	19,072,900	9,385,000	9,310,600
State Board for Adult and Technical Education	30,500	31,200	32,000	31,200	32,000
Technical Education	47,621,400	47,188,000	48,865,300	48,676,200	50,640,700
Adult Education and Literacy	24,166,200	24,504,600	24,229,300	22,185,400	21,955,000
Vocational Rehabilitation	54,098,800	57,261,700	61,134,100	51,918,700	53,519,200
Department for the Blind	11,343,000	11,279,000	11,485,000	10,777,200	10,677,700
State Board for Proprietary Education	112,500	116,100	119,400	116,100	119,400
Teacher Retirement Employer Contribution	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600
Training and Reemployment	51,428,600	62,835,700	58,813,500	62,835,700	58,813,500
Employment Services	318,945,600	319,385,400	316,933,100	319,385,400	316,933,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	523,717,100	542,713,000	545,435,200	529,950,100	526,751,800

The Workforce Development Cabinet remains challenged by shifting economic and educational trends that, a decade ago, compelled Kentucky state government to seek a more comprehensive approach to workforce development with the establishment of the Cabinet. Internal and external forces continue to greatly influence the agency as better ways are sought to prepare the incumbent and future workforce. Now regarded a national pacesetter in workforce development innovation, the Cabinet has firmly set the foundation to align Kentucky's workforce development system more closely with individual and employer needs through initiatives such as the School-to-Work program and the One-Stop Career Center System. Cabinet programs have also played a substantial role in the three years since welfare reform was enacted. More recently, the Cabinet assumed a leadership role in implementation of the far-reaching, federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998.

Research demonstrates that the Commonwealth is in the midst of profound economic restructuring that has transformed the nature of work, and the skills demanded of this work. Once a keystone of Kentucky's economy, manufacturing and industrial jobs continue to dissipate; being replaced with work driven by technology, world markets, and consumer demand for quality products and services. Low educational levels among working age adults persist. Cabinet initiatives will play a key role in responding to the acute skills shortage that threatens Kentucky's very foundation of economic progression in the new century. The social and economic benefits to Kentucky will become more apparent as a host of Cabinet initiatives coalesce in the new biennium and beyond.

The Cabinet serves a broad constituency, each with its own unique characteristics and requirements. Clients who benefit from Cabinet programs include:

- Business and industry;
- Dislocated workers;
- Adults requiring basic education and literacy training;
- Incumbent workers needing upgrade training;
- Individuals making the transition from welfare to work;
- New job force entrants;
- Persons with disabilities seeking employment;
- Economically disadvantaged youth;
- Youth preparing for postsecondary education or work;
- Career transitioning workers; and, other job seekers.

Throughout the 2000-2002 biennium and beyond, the Cabinet will:

- Preserve and advance principles that allow for Kentucky's economic opportunities, standard of living, and quality of life to exceed the national average in 20 years;
- Emphasize secondary vocational-technical education through programs at the 52 area technology centers;
- Recognize the many consumers of workforce development, including job seekers and employers;
- Empower educationally disadvantaged workers through adult education and literacy services and other employment services, including training upgrades;
- Respond to permanent changes in traditional economic bases through a seamless workforce development system, employment and training activities, as well as adult education programs;
- Commit resources to build up human capital to attract private capital;
- Enable individuals with disabilities to participate in the workforce:
- Respond to the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998, which promotes streamlining of training and employment services, universal access and accountability for results.

Workforce Development General Administration and Program Support

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	2,553,500	8,755,800	12,457,000	2,668,700	2,694,700
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	2,553,500	8,755,800	12,457,000	2,668,700	2,694,700
Balance Forward	1,022,400	816,200	478,000	816,200	478,000
Current Receipts	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500	19,500
Non-Revenue Receipts	5,648,300	5,744,600	5,916,900	5,744,600	5,916,900
Total Restricted Funds	6,690,200	6,580,300	6,414,400	6,580,300	6,414,400
Federal Funds					
Balance Forward Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	7,300 2,161,700 843,500	614,000	288,200	614,000	288,200
Total Federal Funds	3,012,500	614,000	288,200	614,000	288,200
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	12,256,200	15,950,100	19,159,600	9,863,000	9,397,300
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	6,022,600	6,537,000	6,735,400	6,136,300	6,355,700
Operating Expenses	2,234,100	3,352,000	7,060,500	2,165,600	2,177,900
Grants, Loans or Benefits	3,128,300	5,528,100	5,222,000	1,028,100	722,000
Capital Outlay	55,000	55,000	55,000	55,000	55,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,440,000	15,472,100	19,072,900	9,385,000	9,310,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	2,553,500	8,755,800	12,457,000	2,668,700	2,694,700
Restricted Funds	5,874,000	6,102,300	6,327,700	6,102,300	6,327,700
Federal Funds	3,012,500	614,000	288,200	614,000	288,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,440,000	15,472,100	19,072,900	9,385,000	9,310,600
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
General Administration and Program Support	11,440,000	15,472,100	19,072,900	9,371,100	9,266,000
Wage Equity				13,900	44,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,440,000	15,472,100	19,072,900	9,385,000	9,310,600

General Administration and Program Support provides central coordination and direction for the overall planning, management and oversight of the agencies within the Cabinet. The program is responsible for policy and budget development, personnel transactions, legal services, including legislative and regulatory development, communications, economic analysis and research, as well as school-to-work activities. The following offices make up the General Administration program:

The Office of the Secretary provides the strategic direction and leadership for the Cabinet, including the coordination of Cabinet activities among the departments and agencies. The Secretary serves as the Chief Executive Officer for the Cabinet and is an advisor to the Governor and the General Assembly regarding workforce issues.

The Office of School-to-Work was created in accordance with KRS 151B.250 to implement the School-to-Work initiative. The Office is headed by an Executive Director appointed by the Secretary of the Workforce Development Cabinet. The federal funded time-limited program was scheduled to sunset September 30, 1999. However, the U.S. Department of Labor recent announced that Kentucky will receive an additional \$1 million to extend the program for one year. These new funds will allow the Commonwealth to focus on specific areas that have been identified as key to ensure that Kentucky's School-to-Work system self-sustaining once federal funding does cease

The Office of General Counsel provides legal advice and representation, including review of contracts, memoranda cagreements, personnel legal actions, regulations, legislation and policy review.

The Office of Workforce Analysis and Research is responsible for data collection and analytical research on economic an employment trends. The Kentucky Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (KOICC) is administratively attached this office. The committee is composed of 16 public and private representatives. The KOICC disseminates of occupational labor market, education training, and career information for use by counselors, students, and others. It is federally funder

The Office of Development and Industry Relations serves as the central point of contact for the private sector to access aduled education and job training services. It performs both an outreach and a partnership function between the Cabinet and Kentuck businesses. This assists in fulfilling Kentucky's need to increase the number of employees with globally competitive skill:

The Office of Communications provides internal and external communications, disseminating information about the Cabinet an its components to employees, the media and the general public

The Office of Personnel Services is responsible for personnel activities, which include processing personnel and payro documents, providing benefit services to Cabinet employees, preparing an array of staffing reports, and monitoring compliance with statutes and regulations.

The Office for Policy and Budget provides assistance to the Secretary by providing coordination and analysis for policy formatic and Cabinet management; preparation and oversight of the biennial budget; coordination and monitoring of state and federal legislative activities; technical support to departments and offices; and a variety of programmatic and financial matters.

Previously, the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) Education and Coordination Branch was attached to the Office for Policy ar Budget. However, the JTPA program ended with Kentucky's implementation of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (WIA) c July 1, 1999. The eight percent JTPA funds, previously administered by the branch, are now included in the general Title allotment of WIA. Likewise, the functions associated with those funds are now also a Title I responsibility. The Office of Trainir and Reemployment (OTR) has been designated to assume the role of the administrative entity for Title I programs funded under WIA. Consequently, Executive Order 99-1722 effective December 28,1999, reorganized the OTR to reflect the new duties an responsibilities of the federal law, and the former JTPA Coordination and Education Branch has been incorporated into OTF

The Client Assistant Branch is a federally mandated and funded program that ensures the protection of rights of disable individuals under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended

The Office of Administrative Serviceshouses the Computer Services Division, which serves as the central location for all Cabine data processing programs statewide. The Division of Fiscal Services is responsible for all central office purchasing, auditing ar processing of financial documents and maintenance of the MARS accounting system. The Division of Facilities Management responsible for the physical management of all state-owned/state-operated facilities, equipment and property assigned t agencies within the Cabinet.

The Postsecondary Students with Disabilities project (Project SUCCESS) enhances postsecondary education for learnin disabled students. Eastern Kentucky University, through a subgrant from the Cabinet, operates this initiative. Project SUCCES provides tutors, testing and advocacy for students who need remedial training in reading, English and math.

Policy

Additional restricted funds totaling \$400,000 in fiscal year 1999-2000 are provided for employee reclassifications resulting from the salary equity study conducted by the Personnel Cabinet in the amount of \$250,000 and to support employees who were previously supported with federal funds in the amount of \$150,000.

General Fund support in the amount of \$119,700 in fiscal year 2001 and \$122,700 in fiscal year 2002 is provided to maintal current services.

The <u>2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth</u> provides for General Fund support totaling \$700,000 in each fiscal year fo operating and grant costs relating to the School-to-Careers system. The initiative will envelope a number of career relate programs, including Tech Prep, and School-to-Work. The Cabinet will have sole responsibility for the initiative, notwithstandir

any provisions of KRS 151B.250, KRS 151B.255, KRS 158.760 and KRS 158.7603 to the contrary.

In accordance with House Bill 502, Part II, Capital Projects Budget, investment income totaling \$250,000 in fiscal year 2001 ar \$425,000 in fiscal year 2002 is provided for a Maintenance Pool

An allocation from the General Fund in the amount of \$13,900 in fiscal year 2001 and \$44,600 in fiscal year 2002 is provided for the Wage Equity Plan.

Workforce Development State Board for Adult and Technical Education

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	30,500	31,200	32,000	31,200	32,000
Total General Fund	30,500	31,200	32,000	31,200	32,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	30,500	31,200	32,000	31,200	32,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	13,500	14,300	15,000	14,300	15,000
Operating Expenses	17,000	16,900	17,000	16,900	17,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,500	31,200	32,000	31,200	32,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	30,500	31,200	32,000	31,200	32,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,500	31,200	32,000	31,200	32,000

The State Board for Adult and Technical Education was established by the 1990 General Assembly and operates under the provisions of KRS Chapter 151B. The Board consists of 11 voting members, who are appointed by the Governor. A chairperson is selected by the membership of the board.

Collectively, the members of the State Board for Adult and Technical Education possess an understanding of business and industry, as it relates to education and workforce development, a knowledge of occupational and academic needs of secondary students, a knowledge of adult education and literacy issues, and a working knowledge of personnel administration or management.

The State Board for Adult and Technical Education advises the Secretary of the Cabinet for Workforce Development on the operation of the state-operated secondary area technology centers; all programs and services operated in those centers; adult education and literacy programs and services, the KCTCS, or local boards of education for space, equipment, supplies, and/or General Fund or Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) moneys in order to carry out these programs and services.

The Board is authorized to recommend to the State Board for Elementary and Secondary Education standards pertaining to secondary technical education curriculum, accreditation, equipment, facilities, and related matters.

The Board must meet a minimum of four times per year and has three committees: the Technical Education Committee, the Adult Education Committee, and the Personnel Committee. Special task forces and work groups are appointed as needed.

Workforce Development Technical Education

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	19,515,700	19,201,900	20,149,800	20,690,100	21,925,200
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	19,515,700	19,201,900	20,149,800	20,690,100	21,925,200
Balance Forward	626,000	834,300	527,700	834,300	527,700
Current Receipts	2,032,800	2,007,600	2,043,900	2,007,600	2,043,900
Non-Revenue Receipts	15,973,200	15,333,500	16,081,600	15,333,500	16,081,600
Total Restricted Funds	18,632,000	18,175,400	18,653,200	18,175,400	18,653,200
Federal Funds					
Balance Forward	69,900	47 400 700	47 440 500	47 400 700	47 440 500
Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	17,672,300 -7,434,200	17,408,700 -7,070,300	17,440,500 -7,071,300	17,408,700 -7,070,300	17,440,500 -7,071,300
Total Federal Funds	10,308,000	10,338,400	10,369,200	10,338,400	10,369,200
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	48,455,700	47,715,700	49,172,200	49,203,900	50,947,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	27,563,500	28,907,100	30,340,200	30,245,300	32,015,600
Operating Expenses	8,952,200	8,773,300	9,034,600	8,923,300	9,134,600
Grants, Loans or Benefits	10,535,800	9,053,800	9,063,000	9,053,800	9,063,000
Capital Outlay	569,900	453,800	427,500	453,800	427,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	47,621,400	47,188,000	48,865,300	48,676,200	50,640,700
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	19,515,700	19,201,900	20,149,800	20,690,100	21,925,200
Restricted Funds	17,797,700	17,647,700	18,346,300	17,647,700	18,346,300
Federal Funds	10,308,000	10,338,400	10,369,200	10,338,400	10,369,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	47,621,400	47,188,000	48,865,300	48,676,200	50,640,700
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Technical Education	35,915,400	35,520,500	37,154,800	36,992,300	38,930,200
Equipment	1,873,000	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500
Continuing Education Programs	638,000	634,600	646,800	634,600	646,800
Federal Programs Wage Equity	9,195,000	9,225,400	9,256,200	9,225,400 16,400	9,256,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	47,621,400	47,188,000	48,865,300	48,676,200	50,640,700

The Department for Adult and Technical Education was established July 1, 1990 by KRS 151B. It was subsequently reorganized during fiscal year 1994, and renamed the Department for Technical Education. The Kentucky Postsecondary Education Improvement Act of 1997 separated the 25 postsecondary technical schools from the Department to join the new Kentucky Community and Technical College System (KCTCS) on July 1,1998. The Department currently has two major roles. The first role includes the management and operation of the 52 Area Technology Centers. The other role involves serving as the state agency for the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-332) federal grant for the Commonwealth.

The Department's mission is to provide education and training to develop a skilled and versatile workforce. While the focus is primarily on providing education and technical training to youth, the intended outcome has a tremendous impact on future economic development. The important measures of success are transition to the workforce, and successful transition of

students to advanced technical training. The Department is regulated by the State Board for Adult and Technical Education for personnel matters, and compliance with federal programs

The Department was reorganized from three divisions to two divisions after the separation of the secondary and postsecondary staff in 1998. The two divisions are: the Division for School Services, and the Division for Administrative Services

- The Division of School Services has primary responsibility for curriculum, program supervision, staff development, an programmatic technical assistance to the Area Technology Centers. The Division also has primary responsibility for liaisc activities with local school districts and business and industry
- The Division for Administrative Service has primary responsibility for: implementing the provisions of the federal grant for technical education in Kentucky, budget preparation and oversight, the student information system, contracts, and fiv Administrative Business Offices.

Since the movement of the postsecondary technical schools to KCTCS, the Department has had the unprecedented opportunito dedicate attention and resources on Area Technology Centers to better meet the needs of secondary students. Are Technology Centers are located throughout the Commonwealth, and generally located in small-to medium-sized counties. The schools are also uniquely positioned to serve business and industries where it is not possible to be served by a postsecondar institution. This aspect provides cost-effective measures in response to training needs of business and industry, and loc economic development initiatives. Area Technology Centers are, therefore, not only vital in the overall scheme of Kentucky efforts to better prepare secondary technical students for postsecondary education or employment, but provide an additionary avenue to upgrade skills of incumbent workers in some areas of the state.

Policy

Included in the 2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth is an allocation from the General Fund in the amount of \$16,400 in fiscal year 2001 for the Wage Equity Plan.

Workforce Development Technical Education School Support and Administration

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	17,642,700	17,394,400	18,342,300	18,866,200	20,117,700
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	17,642,700	17,394,400	18,342,300	18,866,200	20,117,700
Balance Forward	508,300	676,600	331,600	676,600	331,600
Current Receipts	1,354,800	1,334,600	1,365,900	1,334,600	1,365,900
Non-Revenue Receipts	15,973,200	15,333,500	16,081,600	15,333,500	16,081,600
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	17,836,300	17,344,700	17,779,100	17,344,700	17,779,100
Current Receipts	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000
Total Federal Funds	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	36,592,000	35,852,100	37,234,400	37,323,900	39,009,800
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	26,701,200	28,014,700	29,417,700	29,336,500	31,093,100
Operating Expenses	7,011,200	6,844,200	7,101,800	6,994,200	7,201,800
Grants, Loans or Benefits	1,877,500	452,200	452,200	452,200	452,200
Capital Outlay	325,500	209,400	183,100	209,400	183,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	35,915,400	35,520,500	37,154,800	36,992,300	38,930,200
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	17,642,700	17,394,400	18,342,300	18,866,200	20,117,700
Restricted Funds	17,159,700	17,013,100	17,699,500	17,013,100	17,699,500
Federal Funds	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000	1,113,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	35,915,400	35,520,500	37,154,800	36,992,300	38,930,200

Kentucky Revised Statute 151B establishes the Department for Technical Education. The Department is responsible for administering the 52 state operated Area Technology Centers. The Department is organized into two divisions: the Division for School Services, and the Division for Administrative Services.

The Division for School Services provides leadership and management of technical training programs including: establishing program standards; providing instructional supervision and technical assistance; providing curriculum services including task list development and management; offering staff development including training for newly employed instructors, implementing federal program initiatives, and managing secondary student organizations. The Division for School Services also pursues and maintains articulation agreements with institutions at the secondary and postsecondary levels. Most articulation agreements are with postsecondary technical schools, community colleges, and universities within Kentucky. Articulation agreements allow students to continue education at a higher level without duplicating previous course work. Business and industry linkages are critical to the quality of instructional programs.

The Division for Administrative Services consists of the Federal Programs Branch and the Budget and Business Branch. Five Administrative Business Offices are assigned to the Budget and Business Branch to provide accounting, purchasing, and personnel services for schools.

Policy

The <u>2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth</u> provides General Fund support totaling \$800,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$1,200,000 in fiscal year 2002 for new Computer Technology Systems and other programs in the Area Technology Centers These funds will support additional teacher and support staff salaries, equipment costs and classroom supplies for 20 ne programs in fiscal year 2001 and 10 additional new programs in fiscal year 2002

The 2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth also provides a total of \$600,000 from the General Fund in each fiscal year fo salary equity for certain staff in the Department of Technical Education and Area Technology Centers.

General Fund support in the amount of \$130,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$136,500 in fiscal year 2002 is also provided for thre additional positions and related operating costs. These staff will monitor Level III technology classes for compliance with fundir criteria and course standards in the 26 technical centers operated by independent school districts throughout the Commonwealtl The staff will also offer technical assistance, assessment and other services.

A total of \$500,000 from the General Fund is provided in fiscal year 2002 for the Cabinet to operate the new Jackso County Area Technology Center. The Center is scheduled to open in the second year of the biennium. These funds w support eight additional positions and associated operating costs.

The <u>2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth</u> also includes language providing \$70,000 each fiscal year for a Secondary Schoc Technology Program in Morgan County and \$70,000 in each fiscal year for a Middle School Technology Program in Montgome County.

Workforce Development Technical Education Equipment

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	1,873,000	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500
Total General Fund	1,873,000	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,873,000	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Operating Expenses Grants, Loans or Benefits	1,563,100 65,500	1,563,100	1,563,100	1,563,100	1,563,100
Capital Outlay	244,400	244,400	244,400	244,400	244,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,873,000	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund	1,873,000	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,873,000	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500	1,807,500

Kentucky Revised Statute 151B establishes responsibility of the state-operated system of Kentucky Tech area technology schools in the Department for Technical Education. The Department has a line item for equipment procurement and maintaining and/or replacing existing equipment.

Equipment funding is used by the Department for Technical Education to replace outdated and worn out equipment, maintain and repair existing equipment and up-grade instructional programs. Funds are distributed to all Area Technology Centers in the system by a funding formula which considers inventory, age of equipment, number of programs and enrollment.

The availability of the equipment fund is spread throughout all the schools and programs in the System. Examples of acquired equipment include computer-aided drafting equipment, computerized machine tool technology equipment, and robotics equipment used in simulated manufacturing labs.

Policy

Bond funds in the amount of \$2,998,800 are included in House Bill 502, Part II, Capital Projects Budget, Community Development Projects. These funds represent a significant investment in equipment upgrades for the 52 Area Technology Centers. Instructionally up-to-date equipment will enable the secondary schools in the Kentucky Tech System to adapt to changing work environments and prepare students for the workplace. The quality of instruction will be enhanced and students can learn to perform tasks for the real world of work with equipment that meets industry standards.

In addition, the General Assembly added language in House Bill 502, Part IX, Special Provisions, relating to the Area Technical Center Equipment provided in Part II of the Capital Projects Budget, Community Development Projects, that includes \$127,000 in fiscal year 2001 for equipment at the Floyd County Area Technology Center and \$125,000 in fiscal year 2001 for the West Liberty Computer Repair Center.

Workforce Development Technical Education Continuing Education Programs

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	117,700	157,700	196,100	157,700	196,100
Current Receipts	678,000	673,000	678,000	673,000	678,000
Total Restricted Funds	795,700	830,700	874,100	830,700	874,100
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	795,700	830,700	874,100	830,700	874,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	469,000	477,500	486,000	477,500	486,000
Operating Expenses	169,000	157,100	160,800	157,100	160,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	638,000	634,600	646,800	634,600	646,800
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	638,000	634,600	646,800	634,600	646,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	638,000	634,600	646,800	634,600	646,800

Kentucky Revised Statute 151B establishes the responsibility of the Kentucky Tech System within the Department for Technical Education. Part of the responsibility of this system of schools is to provide continuing and customized technical education programs on an as-needed basis. The need is established based on the demand from business and industry, as well as demand from adults in the community seeking to enhance their employment opportunities. Area Technology Centers serve this role in areas of the Commonwealth where continuing education is not available at a postsecondary institution.

Demand for training programs from business and industry may range from continuing education in computer applications to customized training programs such as robotics for a specific industry.

Many adults pursue continuing education programs to upgrade or update technical skills related to their present employment. Additionally, adults who are faced with layoffs or unemployment as a result of business and industry closure opt to use these programs to retrain in a different field, affording them greater employment opportunities in the existing labor market.

Training programs are also designed to meet the increasing demands of various state and local regulatory certification requirements. Examples include additional programs in water handling, blood and air borne pathogens and heating and cooling systems.

Workforce Development Technical Education Federal Programs

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Federal Funds					
Balance Forward	69,900				
Current Receipts	16,559,300	16,295,700	16,327,500	16,295,700	16,327,500
Non-Revenue Receipts	-7,434,200	-7,070,300	-7,071,300	-7,070,300	-7,071,300
Total Federal Funds	9,195,000	9,225,400	9,256,200	9,225,400	9,256,200
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	9,195,000	9,225,400	9,256,200	9,225,400	9,256,200
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	393,300	414,900	436,500	414,900	436,500
Operating Expenses	208,900	208,900	208,900	208,900	208,900
Grants, Loans or Benefits	8,592,800	8,601,600	8,610,800	8,601,600	8,610,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,195,000	9,225,400	9,256,200	9,225,400	9,256,200
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Federal Funds	9,195,000	9,225,400	9,256,200	9,225,400	9,256,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,195,000	9,225,400	9,256,200	9,225,400	9,256,200

The Division of Federal Programs and Support includes the major functions of: coordinating the development of the State Plan for Vocational-Technical Education, as required by the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-392), and related provisions regarding distribution of funds, developing a statewide system of standards and measures for technical programs, tracking and monitoring sub-grants to eligible recipients, and developing an annual evaluation system. The Division also serves as liaison with occupational and support programs in community colleges and universities assisted under the federal Vocational-Technical Act, and provides in-service and technical assistance to educational institutions regarding the provisions and requirements of the federal Vocational-Technical Act. The Division manages the Department's annual and biennial budget; operates and maintains an automated student information system containing selected characteristics for technical programs and students; and develops and implements a Methods of Administration (MOA) to comply with the requirements of the Office of Civil Rights relating to equity in technical programs.

The Act includes two major components: the Basic Grant and Tech Prep. The Basic Grant funds are for program improvement. Tech Prep funds are earmarked for the development and modification of programs that combines at a minimum two years of secondary education with a minimum of two years of postsecondary education in a non-duplicative, sequential course of study in a technical program leading to employment or further education. Tech Prep integrates academic and technical education, uses work-based and worksite learning where appropriate and available. It builds student competence in mathematics, science, reading, writing, communications, economics, and workplace skills through applied, contextual academics and integrated instruction in a coherent sequence of courses. The Department for Technical Education provides statewide direction, leadership, and supervision in this initiative.

Workforce Development Adult Education and Literacy

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation Continuing Appropriation	12,779,400 1,861,900	13,324,400	13,634,600	11,005,200	11,360,300
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	14,641,300	13,324,400	13,634,600	11,005,200	11,360,300
Balance Forward Current Receipts	228,100 62,500	32,600 62,500	11,800 62,500	32,600 62,500	11,800 62,500
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	290,600	95,100	74,300	95,100	74,300
Balance Forward Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	229,800 6,109,000 2,928,100	8,918,400 2,178,500	8,289,800 2,230,600	8,918,400 2,178,500	8,289,800 2,230,600
Total Federal Funds	9,266,900	11,096,900	10,520,400	11,096,900	10,520,400
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	24,198,800	24,516,400	24,229,300	22,197,200	21,955,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses Grants, Loans or Benefits	2,051,400 692,600 21,422,200	2,354,000 663,600 21,487,000	2,475,800 674,700 21,078,800	2,148,700 607,600 19,429,100	2,261,700 627,600 19,065,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,166,200	24,504,600	24,229,300	22,185,400	21,955,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	14,641,300 258,000 9,266,900	13,324,400 83,300 11,096,900	13,634,600 74,300 10,520,400	11,005,200 83,300 11,096,900	11,360,300 74,300 10,520,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,166,200	24,504,600	24,229,300	22,185,400	21,955,000
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT Management and Support Services	903,500	1,196,400	1,245,800	955,100	1,004,500
Program Services Workforce Investment Wage Equity	22,055,800 1,206,900	22,085,200 1,223,000	21,723,200 1,260,300	20,061,800 1,165,100 3,400	19,698,600 1,247,200 4,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,166,200	24,504,600	24,229,300	22,185,400	21,955,000

The Department for Adult Education and Literacy (DAEL) was formed in 1993 as a result of the merger of the Kentucky Literacy Commission and the Office of Adult Education. By elevating the state agency to department status in the Cabinet, the Commonwealth validated its belief in the importance of adult education in workforce and economic development. The Department funds a network of local instructional programs statewide to assist adults in acquiring knowledge, and developing the potential to achieve their goals in the workplace, at home, and in society.

It has been well documented that the ability of Kentucky to flourish economically, and to provide high living standards is dependent upon the quality, accessibility, and relevance of its educational system. According to the report recently issued by the Task Force on Adult Education, "Adult illiteracy is a fundamental barrier to every major challenge facing Kentucky, including early childhood education, education reform, economic development, and improving the health and well-being of Kentucky's families and communities." Another report, *The Leadership Challenge Ahead: Trends that will dominate the future agenda*, issued by the Kentucky Long-Term Policy Research Center, identified numerous trends that reflect a need for a better educated

population. Whether the issue was occupational trends, workforce training, poverty, income equality, the emergence of information technology, or globalization of the economy, a common theme emerged: the Commonwealth's adult population must develop the educational skills necessary to enhance Kentucky's human capital, participate more fully in society, and realize the maximum potential. As all levels of the workforce become increasingly reliant on knowledge and intellect, the authors othe Leadership Challenge Ahead concluded, that "employees must be able to function successfully both as individuals and tear members and possess a solid foundation in the basics ranging from math and verbal literacy to an overall ability to learn." It becoming increasingly clear that "brain power" has replaced "brawn power" as the vehicle for economic growth.

Kentucky's working age population remains undereducated according to a number of measures. The Commonwealth ranks 4th according to the 1990 U.S. Census in the number of adults completing high school. Of the total adult population, age 16 an over and out of school, 36 percent have not attained a high school diploma. Of those not completing high school, 18 percent (Kentucky's total population have not completed the eighth grade. In addition, the Kentucky Adult Literacy Survey (KAL\$ revealed that 40 percent of the Commonwealth's adults performed in the lowest two skill levels (Levels 1 and 2) in prosidocument, and quantitative literacy. Their proficiencies are limited to such tasks as the ability to sign their own name on a forior locate a single fact in a table. Consequently, they do not possess the aptitude to compare and contrast information, general ideas from what they read, or apply information to solve a problem – all essential skills in today's society. As a result, they lace the ability to fully participate in the workplace, the home, and the community.

These individuals are more likely to receive welfare, food stamps, and live in poverty; and less apt to be employed, earn hig wages, encourage literacy development in their children, or vote. For Kentucky, the result is a state with fewer resources to meits social, political, civic, and economic goals and objectives. As stated in the Task Force on Adult Education report, "Kentucky capacity to raise the state's per capita income, improve the quality of its population, and develop a competitive economy depends fundamentally on the state's ability to increase the population's education attainment." Therefore, it is critical that system of adult education programs exists to prepare Kentucky's adult population for the changing workplace, and the more demanding complex society.

Policy

Pursuant to Senate Bill 1, passed by the 2000 General Assembly, the \$2 million annual Special Adult Education and Literac Fund will be transferred to the Council on Postsecondary Education (CPE) for deposit into the Adult Education and Literac Initiative Fund. These funds shall not lapse at the end of a fiscal year but are to be carried forward to be used to support coun and regional strategies for lifelong learning, statewide excellence initiatives and research and development activities. Thes funds may be used to support family literacy in collaboration with family resource centers, early childhood initiatives, preschoprograms, and workplace training. The fund may also provide a statewide competency-based certification for transferable skil in the workplace, and provide incentives for adults, employers, and providers to encourage adults to participate in learnin activities.

The CPE will develop and implement a 20-year strategic agenda, in partnership with the Department for Adult Education an Literacy, which will lead Kentucky to a standard of living and quality of life that meets or exceeds the national average

The Department for Adult Education and Literacy will continue to carry out the statewide mission on adult education an implement a strategy to reduce the number of adults at the lowest levels of literacy and most in need of adult education an literacy services. The Department is to be the education agency solely designated for the purpose of developing and approvir the state plan required by state or federal law. In consultation with the CPE, the Department shall prepare a biennial budgi consistent with the statewide mission on adult education. The Department will work with the CPE at a policy level to ensure the a comprehensive, coordinated plan is implemented and is consistent with the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998 Services for adult education and literacy shall be targeted to communities with the greatest need, based on the number of adult functioning at low levels of literacy, along with other indicators of need.

Included in the 2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth is an allocation from the General Fund in the amount of \$3,400 in fiscal year 2001 and \$4,700 in fiscal year 2002 for the Wage Equity Plan.

Workforce Development Vocational Rehabilitation

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	9,872,800	14,672,800	17,375,000	10,729,800	11,160,100
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	9,872,800	14,672,800	17,375,000	10,729,800	11,160,100
Balance Forward Current Receipts	616,200 2,759,000	468,700 2,824,600	446,100 2,892,200	468,700 2,824,600	446,100 2,892,200
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	3,375,200	3,293,300	3,338,300	3,293,300	3,338,300
Balance Forward Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	507,600 43,025,600 -2,213,700	42,448,000 -2,706,300	43,431,200 -2,789,000	41,048,000 -2,706,300	42,031,200 -2,789,000
Total Federal Funds	41,319,500	39,741,700	40,642,200	38,341,700	39,242,200
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	54,567,500	57,707,800	61,355,500	52,364,800	53,740,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses Grants, Loans or Benefits Capital Outlay	21,273,800 5,164,500 27,512,900 147,600	22,415,100 5,281,500 29,479,700 85,400	23,401,900 5,409,900 32,254,500 67,800	22,372,100 5,281,500 24,179,700 85,400	23,356,800 5,409,900 24,684,700 67,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	54,098,800	57,261,700	61,134,100	51,918,700	53,519,200
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	9,872,800 2,906,500 41,319,500	14,672,800 2,847,200 39,741,700	17,375,000 3,116,900 40,642,200	10,729,800 2,847,200 38,341,700	11,160,100 3,116,900 39,242,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	54,098,800	57,261,700	61,134,100	51,918,700	53,519,200
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT Administrative Management Carl D. Perkins Comprehensive Rehab Center	1,803,500 6,937,500	1,865,100 7,125,700	1,921,100 7,336,900	1,865,100 7,125,700	1,921,100 7,336,900
Program Planning and Development Program Services	1,323,300 44,034,500	1,365,300 46,905,600	1,406,400 50,469,700	1,365,300 41,562,600	1,406,400 42,854,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	54,098,800	57,261,700	61,134,100	51,918,700	53,519,200

The Department of Vocational Rehabilitation was created to provide for and improve the vocational rehabilitation of citizens with physical and mental disabilities to increase their social and economic well-being. The mission of the Department is to empower eligible persons with disabilities to achieve suitable employment.

The Department uses vocational assessments, counseling and guidance services to match the abilities of workers with disabilities to labor market needs. Job preparation activities may include on-the-job training, vocational or classroom instruction. Job development and placement services assist the individual in obtaining and maintaining suitable employment. Transition activities support a move from the classroom to the workplace. Rehabilitation technology adapts the physical environment at work or home to meet employment needs. Follow-up services ensure that employment is progressing satisfactorily.

The Department also provides services for employers. The Department prepares job-qualified applicants, conducts job analyse recommends job modifications, and conducts disability awareness programs. Other services may include disability awareness training programs, and affirmative action planning and services to employees with disability related problems. As a resul employers experience risk reduction, save time and money spent on training new hires, and increase cash flow through access tax incentives.

The Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC§ 791 et seq.), authorizes and provides federal funding for state vocational rehabilitation programs. Kentucky Revised Statute 151B.180-210 complies with all provisions of the Acts. The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR Chapter 34) and Title 781 of the Kentucky Administrative Regulations establish functions of the program. The Department also complies with other relevant sections of the Education Department General Administrative Regulations

Policy

Pursuant to House Bill 502, Part II of the Capital Projects Budget, the lease for real property exceeding \$200,000 annually authorized. This office space is shared by the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Department for the Blind, and th Office of Training and Reemployment.

Workforce Development Vocational Rehabilitation Administrative Management

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS					
Federal Funds					
Current Receipts	1,999,200	2,070,600	2,136,900	2,070,600	2,136,900
Non-Revenue Receipts	-195,700	-205,500	-215,800	-205,500	-215,800
Total Federal Funds	1,803,500	1,865,100	1,921,100	1,865,100	1,921,100
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,803,500	1,865,100	1,921,100	1,865,100	1,921,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	1,505,500	1,567,100	1,602,100	1,567,100	1,602,100
Operating Expenses	298,000	298,000	307,000	298,000	307,000
Capital Outlay			12,000		12,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,803,500	1,865,100	1,921,100	1,865,100	1,921,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Federal Funds	1,803,500	1,865,100	1,921,100	1,865,100	1,921,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,803,500	1,865,100	1,921,100	1,865,100	1,921,100

The Division provides all administrative, technical and budget related services for the Department and is responsive to the needs of the direct service delivery program staff. Responsibilities include budgeting, purchasing, financial reporting and federal grant accounting. The Division oversees implementation and administration of the automated case management system and coordinates the development of application programs. Staff in the Division are also responsible for records retention and maintenance of the Department's inventory records.

The Division also coordinates the recouping of program income through the Social Security Administration (SSA). This is coordinated with SSA for the reimbursement of paid vocational rehabilitation services for those individuals receiving SSI/disability benefits who have been successfully rehabilitated by the Department and have worked for nine months. The Division also negotiates on behalf of the Department and certain Community Rehabilitation Programs for the purchase of facility and community-based competitive employment outcomes and vocational evaluations. The staff then monitors the success of purchased services.

Workforce Development Vocational Rehabilitation

Carl D. Perkins Comprehensive Rehab Center

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	841,500	880,500	927,100	880,500	927,100
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	841,500	880,500	927,100	880,500	927,100
Balance Forward	53,900	51,400	46,100	51,400	46,100
Current Receipts	180,000	184,500	189,200	184,500	189,200
Total Restricted Funds	233,900	235,900	235,300	235,900	235,300
Federal Funds					
Balance Forward	15,400				
Current Receipts	6,546,000	6,735,700	6,915,100	6,735,700	6,915,100
Non-Revenue Receipts	-647,900	-680,300	-714,300	-680,300	-714,300
Total Federal Funds	5,913,500	6,055,400	6,200,800	6,055,400	6,200,800
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	6,988,900	7,171,800	7,363,200	7,171,800	7,363,200
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	5,246,200	5,451,300	5,675,300	5,451,300	5,675,300
Operating Expenses	913,200	935,300	957,600	935,300	957,600
Grants, Loans or Benefits	695,900	708,200	704,000	708,200	704,000
Capital Outlay	82,200	30,900		30,900	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,937,500	7,125,700	7,336,900	7,125,700	7,336,900
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	841,500	880,500	927,100	880,500	927,100
Restricted Funds	182,500	189,800	209,000	189,800	209,000
Federal Funds	5,913,500	6,055,400	6,200,800	6,055,400	6,200,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,937,500	7,125,700	7,336,900	7,125,700	7,336,900

The Carl D. Perkins Comprehensive Rehabilitation Center (CDPCRC) at Thelma, Kentucky, is a multi-disciplinary residential rehabilitation facility located in the Eastern Kentucky Concentrated Program (EKCEP) service delivery area. The proportion of disabilities in the population of Kentucky, as analyzed by Area Development Districts (ADDs), is highest in the ADDs located in southeast Kentucky. Although the majority of referrals to the CDPCRC come from the eastern part of Kentucky, staff of the Center regularly provide services to consumers from the entire Commonwealth.

The CDPCRC's five major programs of operation (i.e. Vocational Evaluation; Work Adjustment; Vocational Training; Physical Restoration/Outpatient Medical Rehabilitation; and Brain Injury Community Re-entry) meet state of the art standards for program quality as documented by accreditation authorities for organizations serving consumers with disabilities (CARF). The CARF is the nationally recognized accreditation authority for organizations serving consumers with disabilities. The CARF standards require that accredited facilities provide consumers with timely, quality services that meet the needs of each individual. Center staff utilize CARF accreditation as a marketing tool to obtain new referrals for all programs. The Center's Outpatient Program is CORF (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility) licensed.

Within these five programs the following professional services are available: comprehensive vocational assessment; vocational training; physical therapy; occupational therapy; speech therapy; nursing services; physician services; adjustment services; psychological and psychiatric services; adult therapeutic recreation; vocational rehabilitation counseling; social services; assistive technology; transportation; and administrative services. A wide range of educational programs and services including developmental math/reading/GED test preparation, and the External Diploma Program are also available. The CDPCRC offers individualized placement services through PACE (Preparing Adults for Competitive Employment) and an Employment Relations Specialist.

Policy

Included in the General Fund appropriation is a total of \$18,800 in fiscal year 2001 and \$44,700 in fiscal year 2002 to maintai current operational levels.

Included in Capital Projects Budget from the Deferred Maintenance Pool is a total of \$369,000 in fiscal year 2001 to replace the remaining faulty heating, ventilation and air conditioning equipment at the Center. These funds represent the final phase of the project.

Workforce Development Vocational Rehabilitation Program Planning and Development

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	47,000	48,100	49,300	48,100	49,300
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	47,000	48,100	49,300	48,100	49,300
Balance Forward	1,200	11,200	15,100	11,200	15,100
Current Receipts	55,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	56,200	61,200	65,100	61,200	65,100
Balance Forward	343,300				
Current Receipts	958,000	1,344,600	1,387,000	1,344,600	1,387,000
Non-Revenue Receipts	-70,000	-73,500	-77,100	-73,500	-77,100
Total Federal Funds	1,231,300	1,271,100	1,309,900	1,271,100	1,309,900
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,334,500	1,380,400	1,424,300	1,380,400	1,424,300
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	582,600	650,300	680,700	650,300	680,700
Operating Expenses	230,400	236,000	241,700	236,000	241,700
Grants, Loans or Benefits	510,300	479,000	484,000	479,000	484,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,323,300	1,365,300	1,406,400	1,365,300	1,406,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	47,000	48,100	49,300	48,100	49,300
Restricted Funds	45,000	46,100	47,200	46,100	47,200
Federal Funds	1,231,300	1,271,100	1,309,900	1,271,100	1,309,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,323,300	1,365,300	1,406,400	1,365,300	1,406,400

The Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, provides statutory and regulatory authority for the Vocational Rehabilitation Program. Program Planning and Development provides administrative and staff functions to enhance equitable, efficient service delivery to eligible individuals with disabilities. The Division has statewide responsibility for program planning, program evaluation, policy development, human resource development, job development and placement, and development of new and innovative programs. The Division also provides staff support to the Statewide Advisory Council for Vocational Rehabilitation and the Statewide Independent Living Council. Federal regulations require an approved State Plan for Vocational Rehabilitation Services under Title I of the Rehabilitation Act as a condition for receiving federal funds. State plans, administrative regulations and policy development are housed in Planning and Development. Strategic, long-range planning addresses the economic and public policy needs of the identified 346,000 Kentuckians of working age with disabilities who are unemployed, as well as the more than 60,000 children with severe disabilities who will soon enter the vocational rehabilitation service delivery system.

Workforce Development Vocational Rehabilitation Program Services

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	8,984,300	13,744,200	16,398,600	9,801,200	10,183,700
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	8,984,300	13,744,200	16,398,600	9,801,200	10,183,700
Balance Forward	561,100	406,100	384,900	406,100	384,900
Current Receipts	2,524,000	2,590,100	2,653,000	2,590,100	2,653,000
Total Restricted Funds	3,085,100	2,996,200	3,037,900	2,996,200	3,037,900
Federal Funds Balance Forward	148,900				
Current Receipts	33,522,400	32,297,100	32,992,200	30,897,100	31,592,200
Non-Revenue Receipts	-1,300,100	-1,747,000	-1,781,800	-1,747,000	-1,781,800
Total Federal Funds	32,371,200	30,550,100	31,210,400	29,150,100	29,810,400
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	44,440,600	47,290,500	50,646,900	41,947,500	43,032,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	44,440,600	47,290,500	50,040,900	41,947,500	43,032,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	13,939,500	14,746,400	15,443,800	14,703,400	15,398,700
Operating Expenses	3,722,900	3,812,200	3,903,600	3,812,200	3,903,600
Grants, Loans or Benefits	26,306,700	28,292,500	31,066,500	22,992,500	23,496,700
Capital Outlay	65,400	54,500	55,800	54,500	55,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	44,034,500	46,905,600	50,469,700	41,562,600	42,854,800
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	8,984,300	13,744,200	16,398,600	9,801,200	10,183,700
Restricted Funds	2,679,000	2,611,300	2,860,700	2,611,300	2,860,700
Federal Funds	32,371,200	30,550,100	31,210,400	29,150,100	29,810,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	44,034,500	46,905,600	50,469,700	41,562,600	42,854,800

The Program Services unit provides direct vocational rehabilitation services to eligible individuals who have physical or mental disabilities to enable them to achieve suitable employment. Program Services is responsible for the actual intake and client service delivery efforts of the Department and performs certain administration functions.

The Division implements the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, and must make available services appropriate to the needs of individuals with disabilities. The services enumerated in the Rehabilitation Act include: evaluation of vocational rehabilitation potential; counseling and guidance; physical and mental restoration services; vocational and other training services; maintenance; transportation; services to family members; interpreter services and note-taking services for persons who are deaf; reader services and note-taking services for persons who are blind; assistive technology and devices; personal assistance services; recruitment and training services; placement; post-employment services; occupational licenses, equipment, initial stock, and supplies; and other goods and services needed for employment.

Policy

The 2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth includes General Fund support for grants in the amount of \$350,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$525,200 in fiscal year 2002 for direct client services. Restricted funds in the amount of \$500,000 are also included for the current fiscal year. Restricted funds totaling \$200,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$205,000 in fiscal year 2002 are also provided for grant expenditures. These funds represent increased Social Security reimbursements that have been

generated by providing incentives to counselors for placing Social Security disabled recipients into competitive employmen These restricted funds will also be used exclusively for direct client services.

The <u>2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth</u> provides additional General fund support totaling \$300,000 in each fiscal year fo deaf and interpreter services for students of postsecondary institutions who are deaf and hard of hearing.

Workforce Development Department for the Blind

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	2,131,100	2,571,400	2,546,400	2,069,600	1,739,100
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	2,131,100	2,571,400	2,546,400	2,069,600	1,739,100
Balance Forward	922,400	279,800	168,100	279,800	168,100
Current Receipts	1,364,400	1,366,600	1,368,800	1,366,600	1,368,800
Non-Revenue Receipts	-2,600	-2,600	-2,600	-2,600	-2,600
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	2,284,200	1,643,800	1,534,300	1,643,800	1,534,300
Balance Forward	438,500				
Current Receipts	7,087,300	7,430,700	7,704,600	7,430,700	7,704,600
Non-Revenue Receipts	-318,300	-198,800	-202,200	-198,800	-202,200
Total Federal Funds	7,207,500	7,231,900	7,502,400	7,231,900	7,502,400
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	11,622,800	11,447,100	11,583,100	10,945,300	10,775,800
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	6,065,300	6,053,000	6,251,700	5,957,200	6,150,400
Operating Expenses	1,287,900	1,404,400	1,406,500	1,304,400	1,306,500
Grants, Loans or Benefits	3,989,800	3,808,600	3,813,800	3,502,600	3,207,800
Capital Outlay		13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,343,000	11,279,000	11,485,000	10,777,200	10,677,700
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	2,131,100	2,571,400	2,546,400	2,069,600	1,739,100
Restricted Funds	2,004,400	1,475,700	1,436,200	1,475,700	1,436,200
Federal Funds	7,207,500	7,231,900	7,502,400	7,231,900	7,502,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,343,000	11,279,000	11,485,000	10,777,200	10,677,700
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Assistive Technology Service	430,500	379,700	367,200	379,700	367,200
Business Enterprise Program	851,000	987,700	1,018,600	887,700	918,600
Industries for the Blind	1,377,900	1,058,000	958,600	758,000	358,600
Center for Independent Living	601,900	660,500	687,900	577,900	601,400
General Blind Services	8,081,700	8,193,100	8,452,700	8,173,900	8,431,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,343,000	11,279,000	11,485,000	10,777,200	10,677,700

Pursuant to KRS 163.470, and the Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Department provides a wide array of services to assist individuals with severe visual disabilities in preparing for and obtaining employment. The 1998 amendments to the federal Act placed emphasis on quality employment outcomes. The Department provides services to approximately 1500 individuals with severe visual impairments so that they can receive the education and specialized training services needed to become independent and self-sufficient in the workplace.

Since its creation 20 years ago, the Department has provided for and improved the vocational rehabilitation of blind and visually impaired Kentuckians. Departmental staff perform vocational counseling, evaluation, physical and mental restoration, vocational and higher education training, assistive technology training, adaptive devices, orientation and mobility training, and

job placement services. The Department accomplishes this mission through the following avenues

- The Charles McDowell Comprehensive Rehabilitation Center for the Blind is a comprehensive rehabilitation facility i
 Louisville that provides training in vocational preparation, personal adjustment services, independent living skills, orientatic
 and mobility skills, Braille, assistive technology, career assessment, vocational planning, work adjustment, and wor
 experience.
- In Lexington and Paducah, the Department operates two volunteer recording units that provide audio-recorded material statewide for blind and visually impaired individuals
- The Business Enterprise Program trains blind individuals for self-employment at vending facilities located statewide
- The Independent Living Program provides training to blind and visually impaired individuals in areas that will enable them the live and function independently.

Policy

Pursuant to House Bill 502, Part II of the Capital Projects Budget, the lease for real property exceeding \$200,000 annually authorized. This office space is shared by the Department for the Blind, the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, and the Office of Training and Reemployment.

Workforce Development Department for the Blind Assistive Technology Service

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800	5,800
Current Receipts	433,600	382,800	370,300	382,800	370,300
Non-Revenue Receipts	-3,100	-3,100	-3,100	-3,100	-3,100
Total Federal Funds	430,500	379,700	367,200	379,700	367,200
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	436,300	385,500	373,000	385,500	373,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	133,800	142,300	149,600	142,300	149,600
Operating Expenses	38,200	39,300	40,300	39,300	40,300
Grants, Loans or Benefits	258,500	198,100	177,300	198,100	177,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	430,500	379,700	367,200	379,700	367,200
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Federal Funds	430,500	379,700	367,200	379,700	367,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	430,500	379,700	367,200	379,700	367,200

The Kentucky Assistive Technology Service (KATS) Network is a federally funded project operating within its lead agency, the Department for the Blind. It is a statewide collaborative system of consumer-oriented organizations with the mission of making systemic changes and providing services resulting in improvements in the provision of assistive technologies to Kentucky citizens with any type of disability and of any age. This program implements the Assistive Technology Act of 1998 (PL 105-394) which has replaced the former Technology-Related Assistance for Individuals With Disabilities Act of 1988 (PL 100-407), as amended in 1994 (PL 103-218).

In addition to the state staff of the Coordinating Center in Louisville, there are six Assistive Technology Resource Centers in Kentucky located in Louisville, Ft. Mitchell, Murray, Thelma and Corbin. The activities of these centers include: technical assistance; system analysis; service delivery; development of curricula/training materials, training, needs assessment, and evaluation; loans of assistive technology devices to consumers; information and referral services, and capacity building. Consumers represent a majority of the KATS Network Advisory Board membership.

Kentucky was among the first nine states funded under the former Tech Act. Tech Act projects have been established in every state and in four United States Territories.

The amount of annual awards to individual states under the Tech Act are determined by formula as administered by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education and the National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research (NIDRR). The Assistive Technology Act of 1998 will provide the Kentucky Tech Act Project with three years funding.

Workforce Development Department for the Blind Business Enterprise Program

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund Regular Appropriation		100,000	100,000		
Total General Fund Restricted Funds		100,000	100,000		
Balance Forward Current Receipts	71,500 815,500	36,000 817,700	819,900	36,000 817,700	819,900
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	887,000	853,700	819,900	853,700	819,900
Current Receipts		34,000	98,700	34,000	98,700
Total Federal Funds		34,000	98,700	34,000	98,700
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	887,000	987,700	1,018,600	887,700	918,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses	497,000 260,500	527,600 363,800	554,500 364,900	527,600 263,800	554,500 264,900
Grants, Loans or Benefits	93,500	96,300	99,200	96,300	99,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	851,000	987,700	1,018,600	887,700	918,600
General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	851,000	100,000 853,700 34,000	100,000 819,900 98,700	853,700 34,000	819,900 98,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	851,000	987,700	1,018,600	887,700	918,600
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT Interstate Vending Program	851,000	987,700	1,018,600	887,700	918,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	851,000	987,700	1,018,600	887,700	918,600

Pursuant to KRS 163.470(12) and the federal Randolph-Sheppard Act, the Division of Business Enterprises Program (BEP) establishes vending facilities on state, federal, and other property to provide remunerative employment for licensed visually impaired merchants who are appointed to operate the facilities. This program provides management services and training to visually impaired individuals, identifies and develops new sites suitable for vending facilities and repairs and replaces equipment in existing vending facilities.

The Department for the Blind receives a commission based upon the percentage of gross sales from vending operations located in all interstate highway rest areas. The visually impaired merchants contribute five percent of their net income to the Department. The funds received from the interstate vending contract are utilized exclusively in the Business Enterprise Program.

Workforce Development Department for the Blind Industries for the Blind

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund	004.000	4.050.000	050.000	750,000	050 000
Regular Appropriation	961,000	1,058,000	958,600	758,000	358,600
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	961,000	1,058,000	958,600	758,000	358,600
Balance Forward	416,900				
Total Restricted Funds	416,900				
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	1,377,900	1,058,000	958,600	758,000	358,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	449,200	99,400		99,400	
Grants, Loans or Benefits	928,700	958,600	958,600	658,600	358,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,377,900	1,058,000	958,600	758,000	358,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	961,000	1,058,000	958,600	758,000	358,600
Restricted Funds	416,900				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,377,900	1,058,000	958,600	758,000	358,600

As mandated by KRS 163.470, the Kentucky Industries for the Blind (KIB) will transition to a not-for-profit entity on June 30, 2000. On June 30, 2000, 18 state employees employed at Kentucky Industries for the Blind will leave the state payroll and become employees of the not-for-profit entity.

Kentucky Industries for the Blind currently provides job placement, on-the-job training, work experience and work adjustment services for the Department for the Blind consumers. As a state supported unit of the Department, the cost associated with these services was part of the state appropriation. On July 1, 2000, KIB will transition to a private not-for-profit entity. The Department will then be required to purchase these services from KIB or another vendor. The Department is projecting KIB will serve 15 Department for the Blind consumers in each year of the biennium.

Policy

The <u>2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth</u> provides additional General Fund support totaling \$600,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$300,000 in fiscal year 2002 for the transition of the Kentucky Industries for the Blind from a Kentucky state government agency to a non-profit organization as of June 30, 2000. Effective July 1, 2000, staff employed by the Kentucky Industries for the Blind will become employees of the non-profit operation.

Workforce Development Department for the Blind Center for Independent Living

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	179,000	265,900	274,200	183,300	187,700
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	179,000	265,900	274,200	183,300	187,700
Balance Forward	11,700	9,100		9,100	
Current Receipts	131,900	114,300	117,700	114,300	117,700
Non-Revenue Receipts	-2,600	-2,600	-2,600	-2,600	-2,600
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	141,000	120,800	115,100	120,800	115,100
Balance Forward	29,600				
Current Receipts	262,200	274,600	299,400	274,600	299,400
Non-Revenue Receipts	-800	-800	-800	-800	-800
Total Federal Funds	291,000	273,800	298,600	273,800	298,600
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	611,000	660,500	687,900	577,900	601,400
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	460,700	490,600	516,000	414,000	435,500
Operating Expenses	24,000	36,100	36,100	36,100	36,100
Grants, Loans or Benefits	117,200	133,800	135,800	127,800	129,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	601,900	660,500	687,900	577,900	601,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	179,000	265,900	274,200	183,300	187,700
Restricted Funds	131,900	120,800	115,100	120,800	115,100
Federal Funds	291,000	273,800	298,600	273,800	298,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	601,900	660,500	687,900	577,900	601,400

Pursuant to KRS 163.470 and Title VII of the Rehabilitation Act, as amended in 1992, independent living specialists located in regional offices provide short-term, individualized instruction at the home or worksite for individuals who are blind so they may be able to function independently. Services include information, counseling, and skills training in activities of daily living. Mobility training, assistive devices, referrals to community resources in housing and transportation, and information on services offered by other agencies are provided. The service population consists mainly of individuals who are elderly or unable to work due to the severity of disabilities.

The Department employs nine independent living specialists who are located throughout the state. The average caseload for an independent living specialist is currently 150 new cases annually. These specialists make home visits and provide specially-adapted aids and appliances such as Braille and talking watches, controls on stoves, writing guides, phone dials, and canes. They provide limited instruction in household tasks such as cooking, keeping time and learning in the home. The specialists also work with families to educate them about blindness and how to promote independent living.

The most recent needs assessment which was performed by the Department indicates that Kentucky has one of the highest prevalence rates of blindness in the country. Diabetes is one reason; lack of knowledge is another. Currently, it is estimated that there are over 30,000 older blind and visually impaired Kentuckians. Over 60 percent of blind persons are 60 years of age and older. The population of the Independent Living program makes up two-thirds of the blind population in the State.

Workforce Development Department for the Blind General Blind Services

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	991,100	1,147,500	1,213,600	1,128,300	1,192,800
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	991,100	1,147,500	1,213,600	1,128,300	1,192,800
Balance Forward	416,500	228,900	162,300	228,900	162,300
Current Receipts	417,000	434,600	431,200	434,600	431,200
Total Restricted Funds	833,500	663,500	593,500	663,500	593,500
Federal Funds Balance Forward	408,900				
Current Receipts	6,391,500	6,739,300	6,936,200	6,739,300	6,936,200
Non-Revenue Receipts	-314,400	-194,900	-198,300	-194,900	-198,300
Total Federal Funds	6,486,000	6,544,400	6,737,900	6,544,400	6,737,900
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	8,310,600	8,355,400	8,545,000	8,336,200	8,524,200
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	4,524,600	4,793,100	5,031,600	4,773,900	5,010,800
Operating Expenses	965,200	965,200	965,200	965,200	965,200
Grants, Loans or Benefits	2,591,900	2,421,800	2,442,900	2,421,800	2,442,900
Capital Outlay		13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,081,700	8,193,100	8,452,700	8,173,900	8,431,900
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	991,100	1,147,500	1,213,600	1,128,300	1,192,800
Restricted Funds	604,600	501,200	501,200	501,200	501,200
Federal Funds	6,486,000	6,544,400	6,737,900	6,544,400	6,737,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,081,700	8,193,100	8,452,700	8,173,900	8,431,900

Pursuant to KRS 163.470 (11) and 782 KAR 1:020-050 and the Federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the mission of the General Blind Services program is to provide vocational rehabilitation to individuals with severe visual disabilities which will result in gainful employment in integrated settings. The program consists of the Division of Client Services with ten statewide offices, where qualified staff provide services in vocational counseling, evaluation, physical and mental restoration, college and vocational training, rehabilitation teaching, prescriptive adaptive devices, rehabilitation technology, job placement and other services which enable individuals to be productive in the workplace.

Within the General Blind Services program is budgeted the Charles McDowell Comprehensive Rehabilitation Center for the Blind and the Volunteer Recording Program. The Charles McDowell Comprehensive Rehabilitation Center for the Blind, located in Louisville is a comprehensive rehabilitation facility that provides training in vocational preparation, personal adjustment services, independent living skills, orientation and mobility, Braille, assitive technology, career assessment, vocational planning, work adjustment and work experience. The volunteer recording program in Lexington and Paducah provides audio-recorded materials needed by individuals throughout the state in vocational training.

Policy

General Fund support totaling \$133,400 in fiscal year 2001 and \$179,400 in fiscal year 2002 is provided to maintain federal fund match requirements for grant expenditures.

Workforce Development State Board for Proprietary Education

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	182,600	195,100	204,000	195,100	204,000
Current Receipts	125,000	125,000	125,000	125,000	125,000
Total Restricted Funds	307,600	320,100	329,000	320,100	329,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	307,600	320,100	329,000	320,100	329,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	96,800	100,400	103,700	100,400	103,700
Operating Expenses	15,700	15,700	15,700	15,700	15,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	112,500	116,100	119,400	116,100	119,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	112,500	116,100	119,400	116,100	119,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	112,500	116,100	119,400	116,100	119,400

The State Board for Proprietary Education, consisting of 12 members appointed by the Governor, was created to administer and enforce the provisions of KRS 165A. Its primary function is to monitor the needs of the consumer public with regard to services provided by privately owned educational institutions offering instruction in business, trade, technical, industrial, or related areas. It has the responsibility to conduct formal hearings and to prosecute, if necessary, schools that have not maintained and adhered to the standards of operation set forth in KRS 165A. The Board also administers a student protection fund for those students affected by the closing of such institutions.

Workforce Development Teacher Retirement Employer Contribution Match

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund Regular Appropriation	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600
Total General Fund	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE General Fund	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,530,500	4,639,200	4,750,600	4,639,200	4,750,600

Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 161.550 requires each employer to contribute to the Teachers' Retirement System an amount equal to that contributed by its employees who are members of the System. For those Workforce Development Cabinet employees who are Teachers' Retirement System members, the contribution is 9.855 percent of salary. Additionally, each employer is required to pay a 3.25 percent overmatch to defray the System's unfunded liability.

The above General Fund appropriation includes the employer match for salaries paid to teachers and other Cabinet employees who participate in the System. This match will be forwarded to the Teachers' Retirement System pursuant to the provisions of KRS 161.550.

Workforce Development Training and Reemployment

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Current Receipts	67,500	67,500	51,500	67,500	51,500
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	67,500	67,500	51,500	67,500	51,500
Current Receipts	51,522,500	62,835,900	58,831,700	62,835,900	58,831,700
Non-Revenue Receipts	-161,400	-67,700	-69,700	-67,700	-69,700
Total Federal Funds	51,361,100	62,768,200	58,762,000	62,768,200	58,762,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	51,428,600	62,835,700	58,813,500	62,835,700	58,813,500
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	1,682,800	1,784,100	1,833,600	1,784,100	1,833,600
Operating Expenses	479,300	497,800	525,100	497,800	525,100
Grants, Loans or Benefits	49,266,500	60,553,800	56,454,800	60,553,800	56,454,800
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	51,428,600	62,835,700	58,813,500	62,835,700	58,813,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	67,500	67,500	51,500	67,500	51,500
Federal Funds	51,361,100	62,768,200	58,762,000	62,768,200	58,762,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	51,428,600	62,835,700	58,813,500	62,835,700	58,813,500

On August 7, 1998, Congress passed the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-220) to consolidate, coordinate, and improve employment, training, literacy, and vocational rehabilitation programs in the United States, and for other purposes. Key components of this reform include streamlining services through One-Stop service delivery; empowering individuals through information and access to training resources through Individual Training Accounts; providing universal access to core services; increasing accountability for results; ensuring a strong role for local boards and the private sector in the workforce investment system; facilitating state and local flexibility; and improving youth services.

This legislation effectively brought an end to the Job Training Partnership Act. Kentucky was one of the first states to implement the new law July 1, 1999. In keeping with the Office of Training and Reemployment's (OTR) original purpose, the Office was designated to assume the role of administrative entity for the Title I program funded under the Act.

To carry out the mandates of the new federal law, OTR has been reorganized by Executive Order 99-1722 effective December 28.1999 as follows:

- The Financial and Program Operations branch is primarily responsible for the day-to-day program operation of the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) and providing technical assistance to the local workforce development areas that administer WIA. The branch ensures compliance with the overall financial management functions required by WIA.
- The Program Compliance branch is responsible for conducting oversight and monitoring of Title I of WIA and related activities. This includes developing, making annual on-site monitoring reviews of local areas' compliance with uniform administrative standards, the Act and regulations, and to assure funds are spent in accordance with the Act.
- The Program Support branch supports the WIA programs for which OTR is responsible, including local board
 certification, development and issuance of eligibility policies, development and maintenance of a statewide training
 provider list, implementation of a mandated and optional performance management system, and the development of a
 Management Information System (MIS).

The Workforce Investment Act specifies three funding streams to the states and local areas: adults, dislocated workers, an youth.

- Of the total adult funds received by the state, 85 percent of the funds are allocated to Kentucky's 11 Workforce Investment
 Areas, ten percent of the funds are reserved for statewide programs, and five percent is retained for state administrative functions.
- Of the total dislocated worker funds received by the state, 60 percent of the funds are allocated to Kentucky's 11 Workford Investment Areas, 25 percent of the funds are reserved for State Rapid Response activities, ten percent of the funds are reserved for statewide programs, and five percent is retained for state administrative functions
- Of the youth funds received by the State, 85 percent of the funds are allocated to Kentucky's 11 Workforce Investmer
 Areas, ten percent of the funds are reserved for statewide programs, and five percent is retained for State administrativ
 functions.

Policy

Additional restricted funds totaling \$50,000 are provided in the current fiscal year to perform certain administrative functions the Welfare-to-Work (WtW) block grant programs. Additional restricted funds totaling \$50,000 in fiscal year 2001 and \$34,000 fiscal year 2002 are also provided for this initiative. The OTR provides technical assistance to the Cabinet for Families an Children for implementation and on-going operations of the WtW formula grant program, including the development of statewide financial monitoring process that comports with the U.S. Department of Labor's monitoring guide for formula grant funding.

Pursuant to House Bill 502, Part II of the Capital Projects Budget, the lease for real property exceeding \$200,000 is authorized. This office space is shared by the Office of Training and Reemployment, the Department for the Blind, and the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation.

Workforce Development Employment Services

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	599,100	613,500	628,200	613,500	628,200
Total General Fund	599,100	613,500	628,200	613,500	628,200
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	107,500				
Current Receipts	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400
Non-Revenue Receipts	8,592,000	13,349,300	10,636,600	13,349,300	10,636,600
Total Restricted Funds	9,894,900	14,544,700	11,832,000	14,544,700	11,832,000
Federal Funds	0.000.000				
Balance Forward	2,226,600	200 070 200	207 202 500	200 070 200	207 202 500
Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	309,225,000 -3,000,000	306,878,300 -2,651,100	307,203,500 -2,730,600	306,878,300 -2,651,100	307,203,500 -2,730,600
·					
Total Federal Funds	308,451,600	304,227,200	304,472,900	304,227,200	304,472,900
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	318,945,600	319,385,400	316,933,100	319,385,400	316,933,100
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	37,356,000	38,489,700	35,395,400	38,489,700	35,395,400
Operating Expenses	10,704,100	12,703,800	13,640,000	12,703,800	13,640,000
Grants, Loans or Benefits	270,010,500	267,981,900	267,897,700	267,981,900	267,897,700
Capital Outlay	875,000	210,000		210,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	318,945,600	319,385,400	316,933,100	319,385,400	316,933,100
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	599,100	613,500	628,200	613,500	628,200
Restricted Funds	9,894,900	14,544,700	11,832,000	14,544,700	11,832,000
Federal Funds	308,451,600	304,227,200	304,472,900	304,227,200	304,472,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	318,945,600	319,385,400	316,933,100	319,385,400	316,933,100
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Employer and Placement Services	18,267,400	16,656,800	16,720,200	16,656,800	16,720,200
Special Programs	7,645,500	5,263,000	5,248,900	5,263,000	5,248,900
Unemployment Insurance	285,918,600	286,316,300	286,527,400	286,316,300	286,527,400
Service Capacity Upgrade	7,114,100	11,149,300	8,436,600	11,149,300	8,436,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	318,945,600	319,385,400	316,933,100	319,385,400	316,933,100

The Department for Employment Services (DES) was created to administer federally funded programs that provide employment related services to the citizens of Kentucky. The DES provides a wide array of high quality, professional services to employers, job seekers, and the unemployed, which result in economic stability for the individual and further the economic well-being of the Commonwealth. These services include employment counseling, testing, assessment, job search assistance and placement services to all citizens as well as training programs for dislocated workers, and other individuals who are economically disadvantaged.

The majority of the programs in the Department are funded by federal grants, with the principle revenue source derived from the Unemployment Insurance (UI) program, and the Employment Services (ES) program. The Department's operating and capital funding for the two programs is provided by the federal government through the employer-paid Federal Unemployment Tax (FUTA).

The Department also receives funds to administer several smaller programs that are related to UI and ES, including: Veteran Employment and Training Services, Labor Market Information, Alien Labor Certification, Agricultural Wage Surveys, Alie Farmworker Housing Inspections, and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF). The DES administers trainin programs under the Trade Adjustment Assistance Program, Title I of the recently enacted Workforce Investment Act, and the North American Free Trade Agreement-Transitional Adjustment Assistance/Transitional Readjustment Allowances Program: These programs are designed to provide temporary income maintenance through UI to individuals who are unemployed through of fault of their own, and to assist the unemployed, underemployed, and persons who wish to change occupations in findin suitable employment. Additional benefits include the reduction of public burden through the early placement of welfare recipient and UI claimants.

The Department is also responsible for assessing and collecting taxes from employers to distribute benefits to those who qualifor unemployment compensation.

Policy

The 2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth provides that, of the federal funds made available under Section 903 of the Socia Security Act, as amended, an amount totaling \$1,000,000 may be used by the Department during the 2000-2002 biennium for the purpose of administering its unemployment compensation law and public employment offices.

House Bill 502 adds in Part IX, Special Provisions, Facility Replacement/Renovation policy authorizing the Department 1 develop and implement a facility replacement and renovation program to improve the quality of Workforce Development Cabin-facilities used by the Department and its clients, and to reduce departmental reliance on lease/rental properties. The Department is directed to coordinate this program with the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet and the Department for Facilities Management in the Finance and Administration Cabinet. Proceeds acquired from the sale, transfer, or other disposition of existing facilities may be expended toward the purchase, construction, renovation and equipping and furnishing of replacement facilities. Expenditures authorized by this provision are limited to the use of funds solely derived from the sale of Cabinet-owner facilities, which equity rights are shared between both the state and the federal government. Any project estimated to cost over \$400,000 shall be reported to the Capital Projects and Bond Oversight Committee by the Secretary of the Finance an Administration Cabinet.

Workforce Development Employment Services Employer and Placement Services

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	599,100	613,500	628,200	613,500	628,200
Total General Fund	599,100	613,500	628,200	613,500	628,200
Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	11,700	500.000	500,000	500 000	F00 000
Non-Revenue Receipts	1,488,300	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Total Restricted Funds	1,500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Federal Funds Balance Forward	68,300				
Current Receipts	17,253,500	16,525,000	16,605,300	16,525,000	16,605,300
Non-Revenue Receipts	-1,153,500	-981,700	-1,013,300	-981,700	-1,013,300
Total Federal Funds	16,168,300	15,543,300	15,592,000	15,543,300	15,592,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	18,267,400	16,656,800	16,720,200	16,656,800	16,720,200
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	12,916,500	12,238,500	12,401,500	12,238,500	12,401,500
Operating Expenses	2,850,900	1,971,700	1,891,700	1,971,700	1,891,700
Grants, Loans or Benefits	2,500,000	2,446,600	2,427,000	2,446,600	2,427,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,267,400	16,656,800	16,720,200	16,656,800	16,720,200
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	599,100	613,500	628,200	613,500	628,200
Restricted Funds	1,500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Federal Funds	16,168,300	15,543,300	15,592,000	15,543,300	15,592,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,267,400	16,656,800	16,720,200	16,656,800	16,720,200
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Job Placement Services	12,526,100	10,903,100	10,895,900	10,903,100	10,895,900
Special Employment Services	4,284,200	4,234,100	4,231,300	4,234,100	4,231,300
Employment Information Support	1,457,100	1,519,600	1,593,000	1,519,600	1,593,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,267,400	16,656,800	16,720,200	16,656,800	16,720,200

The objective of the Employer and Placement Services program is two-fold. The first is to assist individuals who are unemployed, underemployed, or simply seeking to change their employment situation. The second is to assist employers to obtain qualified workers to fill job openings as quickly as possible. This program provides counseling, employment testing, job development, referral, and placement for any persons needing such services.

Workforce Development Employment Services Special Programs

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Balance Forward	85,400	4 405 400	4 405 400	4 405 400	4 405 400
Current Receipts	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	1,280,800	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400
Balance Forward	307,300				
Current Receipts	6,365,800	4,320,000	4,320,000	4,320,000	4,320,000
Non-Revenue Receipts	-308,400	-252,400	-266,500	-252,400	-266,500
Total Federal Funds	6,364,700	4,067,600	4,053,500	4,067,600	4,053,500
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	7,645,500	5,263,000	5,248,900	5,263,000	5,248,900
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	3,550,400	3,313,500	3,389,000	3,313,500	3,389,000
Operating Expenses	733,600	563,200	538,200	563,200	538,200
Grants, Loans or Benefits	3,361,500	1,386,300	1,321,700	1,386,300	1,321,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,645,500	5,263,000	5,248,900	5,263,000	5,248,900
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds	1,280,800	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400	1,195,400
Federal Funds	6,364,700	4,067,600	4,053,500	4,067,600	4,053,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,645,500	5,263,000	5,248,900	5,263,000	5,248,900
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Welfare Reform	85,400				
Workforce Investment Act	5,231,900	1,195,400	1,195,400	5,263,000	5,248,900
Special Programs	2,328,200				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,645,500	1,195,400	1,195,400	5,263,000	5,248,900

The Special Projects Program covers three contractual programs which are offered by the Department for Employment Services.

On July 1,1999, Kentucky began implementation of the Workforce Investment Act (WIA). Under Title I of WIA, dislocated worker services are a required program and funds to support these services are allocated to 11 workforce investment areas across the state. In two of the areas the administrative entity has contracted with the Department to provide a full range of applicant services to dislocated workers.

The Department for Employment Services receives funding from the U.S. Department of Labor under a National Reserve Grant to provide services to dislocated workers from the garment industry. This grant was funded in 1998 and continues through June 30, 2000. The grant was written to serve affected garment workers whose jobs were impacted by foreign trade. Under this grant, the Department provides assessment, counseling, testing, brokers for retraining, and assists in job placement to eligible dislocated workers.

The Department contracts with the Cabinet for Families and Children (CFC) to implement a strategy and program to help adult Kentuckians transition from welfare dependency to long term self-sufficiency.

The Department performs an employment assessment on each participant referred by CFC, Department for Community-Based Services, to determine need and skills. An "Employability Development Plan" is created which includes an employment goal and a series of activities necessary to reach that goal, including high school and equivalency programs, basic and remedial education, work readiness activities, and job skills training.

Workforce Development Employment Services Unemployment Insurance

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds Non-Revenue Receipts		1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000
Total Restricted Funds		1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000
Federal Funds Balance Forward Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	1,851,000 285,605,700 -1,538,100	286,033,300 -1,417,000	286,278,200 -1,450,800	286,033,300 -1,417,000	286,278,200 -1,450,800
Total Federal Funds	285,918,600	284,616,300	284,827,400	284,616,300	284,827,400
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	285,918,600	286,316,300	286,527,400	286,316,300	286,527,400
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Personnel Cost Operating Expenses Grants, Loans or Benefits Capital Outlay	15,800,400 5,194,200 264,149,000 775,000	16,556,000 5,611,300 264,149,000	16,618,700 5,759,700 264,149,000	16,556,000 5,611,300 264,149,000	16,618,700 5,759,700 264,149,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	285,918,600	286,316,300	286,527,400	286,316,300	286,527,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE Restricted Funds Federal Funds	285,918,600	1,700,000 284,616,300	1,700,000 284,827,400	1,700,000 284,616,300	1,700,000 284,827,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	285,918,600	286,316,300	286,527,400	286,316,300	286,527,400
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT Unemployment Insurance Administration	21,819,600	22,217,300	22,428,400	22,217,300	22,428,400
Unemployment Insurance Benefits	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	285,918,600	286,316,300	286,527,400	286,316,300	286,527,400

The purpose of the Unemployment Insurance (UI) program is to provide temporary financial assistance to workers who become unemployed through no fault of their own, in the form of regular UI benefit payments in an amount determined by the claimant's wage history. Regular UI benefits are funded entirely through payment of the state unemployment taxes by employers within the state determined liable under KRS Chapter 341 based upon the size and duration of payroll.

Through Senate Bill 296 passed by the 1998 General Assembly, the Department obtained one-time funding for a major reengineering effort that will radically transform the Unemployment Insurance and Employment Services programs from a paper-based process to an electronic environment. When completed in 2001, this initiative will result in more efficient use of staff by allowing a 20 percent shift of staff from processing paper to providing more intensive services to the public. This reform effort endorses the notion examined by the Kentucky Long-Term Policy Research Center in *The Leadership Challenge Ahead* whereby "technological innovation will become the centerpiece of reform as government strives to become more efficient." The initiative also juxtaposes especially well with Governor Patton's Empower Kentucky goal to "make state government more efficient and deliver better services to citizens." Once fully implemented, the Department will be the most technologically advanced agency of its kind in the nation.

Policy

Notwithstanding KRS 341.835, the <u>2000-2002 Budget of the Commonwealth</u> provides that funds from the Unemployment Insurance Penalty and Interest Account in the Unemployment Compensation Administration Fund shall be used during each fiscal year of the biennium by the Department for Employment Services to operate employment and training programs.

Workforce Development Employment Services Unemployment Insurance Unemployment Insurance Benefits

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Federal Funds Balance Forward Current Receipts	1,390,900 262,708,100	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264.099.000
Total Federal Funds TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS Grants, Loans or Benefits	264,099,000 264,099,000	264,099,000 264,099,000	264,099,000 264,099,000	264,099,000 264,099,000	264,099,000 264,099,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE Federal Funds	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000	264,099,000

Within the Department, the Division of Unemployment Insurance supports the claims activities initiated in the local offices of the Division of Field Services. In central office, the Benefit branch ensures and accounts for the proper payment of regular Unemployment Insurance (UI) and federal program benefits, including the determination of chargeability to a specific employer for the cost of each regular UI claim. In cases where benefits have been drawn in error, the branch pursues restitution and, if fraud was involved, will pursue prosecution of the claimant. The Benefits branch also operates an interstate claims "local office" to serve claimants covered under Kentucky law but filing from other states.

In addition to regular UI benefits, the program also administers payment of federal benefits, claims of unemployed federal employees and discharged military personnel, trade readjustment (unemployment resulting from foreign competition) and NAFTA (unemployment attributable to the specific trade treaty), Disaster Unemployment Assistance (in cases where a federal disaster area declaration is made), and Extended Unemployment Compensation. With the exception of partial payment from State UI funds in the case of some extended benefits, these programs are financed in entirety by employer federal unemployment tax collected by the Internal Revenue Service.

Workforce Development Employment Services Unemployment Insurance Unemployment Insurance Administration

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS Restricted Funds					
Non-Revenue Receipts		1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds		1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000
Balance Forward	460,100				
Current Receipts	22,897,600	21,934,300	22,179,200	21,934,300	22,179,200
Non-Revenue Receipts	-1,538,100	-1,417,000	-1,450,800	-1,417,000	-1,450,800
Total Federal Funds	21,819,600	20,517,300	20,728,400	20,517,300	20,728,400
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	21,819,600	22,217,300	22,428,400	22,217,300	22,428,400
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	15,800,400	16,556,000	16,618,700	16,556,000	16,618,700
Operating Expenses	5,194,200	5,611,300	5,759,700	5,611,300	5,759,700
Grants, Loans or Benefits	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Capital Outlay	775,000				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,819,600	22,217,300	22,428,400	22,217,300	22,428,400
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
Restricted Funds		1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000
Federal Funds	21,819,600	20,517,300	20,728,400	20,517,300	20,728,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,819,600	22,217,300	22,428,400	22,217,300	22,428,400

The administrative component of the Unemployment Insurance program provides benefit payments based on earnings in a specific transaction period. Revenues for administration of this program are derived from a federal unemployment tax on employers' payrolls.

The KRS Chapter 341 provides the statutory authority and structure for the operation of the Unemployment Insurance (UI) program in Kentucky. With regard to most particulars involving worker coverage, benefit entitlement and employer liability, KRS Chapter 341 conforms to federal unemployment law descending from the Social Security Act of 1935. This state and federal statutory conformity is required in order for Kentucky employers to receive a credit against federal unemployment tax based on state tax payments, and in order for the agency to receive federal administrative funding.

Legislative Branch

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation	39,879,000	36,450,400	40,616,400	36,450,400	40,616,400
Continuing Appropriation	14,866,800	10,749,300	10,636,100	13,089,700	12,972,500
Total General Fund Restricted Funds	54,745,800	47,199,700	51,252,500	49,540,100	53,588,900
Balance Forward	939,200	691,700	506,300	814,500	658,800
Total Restricted Funds	939,200	691,700	506,300	814,500	658,800
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	55,685,000	47,891,400	51,758,800	50,354,600	54,247,700
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	30,953,700	26,670,300	31,347,000	26,670,300	31,347,000
Operating Expenses	10,341,400	9,504,200	10,525,100	9,504,200	10,525,100
Capital Outlay	485,700	548,800	294,200	548,800	294,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	41,780,800	36,723,300	42,166,300	36,723,300	42,166,300
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	41,656,100	36,567,600	42,066,800	36,567,600	42,066,800
Restricted Funds	124,700	155,700	99,500	155,700	99,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	41,780,800	36,723,300	42,166,300	36,723,300	42,166,300
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
General Assembly	15,082,600	10,065,600	13,640,000	10,065,600	13,640,000
Legislative Research Commission	26,698,200	26,657,700	28,526,300	26,657,700	28,526,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	41,780,800	36,723,300	42,166,300	36,723,300	42,166,300

The legislative powers of the Commonwealth of Kentucky are vested in the General Assembly and found in Sections 29 through 62 of the Kentucky Constitution. The purpose of the Legislature is to make the state's laws, to determine the duties and services of government, to provide for their execution, and to levy taxes and appropriate funds for their support.

The General Assembly, as specified by the Constitution, consists of 38 Senators and 100 Representatives, each representing districts as nearly equal as possible as prescribed by Section 33 of the Kentucky Constitution. Members of the House of Representatives are elected for two-year terms. Members of the Senate serve four-year terms, with one-half of the Senate elected every two years.

The Legislative Research Commission is a fact-finding and service agency for the Kentucky General Assembly. It is a statutory body created and maintained since 1948. The Commission is bipartisan and is composed of the leadership of both the House and Senate with the Senate President and House Speaker serving as co-chairman. The LRC staff provides research, bill drafting, and other administrative functions for the legislature.

House Bill 576 authorized funding for the major programs operating within the Legislative Branch of government. The appropriation units are General Assembly and the Legislative Research Commission. The General Assembly appropriation is comprised of three programs, General Assembly, Kentucky Legislative Ethics, and Kentucky Long Term Planning and Research. The Legislative Research Commission appropriation is comprised of a single element, the Legislative Research Commission.

The above appropriation includes funds for the Legislators Retirement Plan in each fiscal year and provides for the continuation of the annual cost of living adjustment authorized for the 1998-2000 biennium. Nothwithstanding KRS 6.190, 6.213, and 6A.020, the daily compensation provided by KRS 6.190 and 6A.020 and the interim expenses allowance provided by KRS 6.213 for members of the General Assembly shall be authorized for the 1998-2000 biennium and shall continue as adjusted on January 1, 2001, and January 1, 2002, by the all urban consumer price index (CPI-U) not to exceed five percent (5%) per

annum but not less than zero percent (0%) per annum. Nothwithstanding KRS 6.220, in lieu of stationery, there shall be allowe to each member of the House of Representatives the sum of \$250 and to each member of the Senate the sum of \$500. Th allowance shall be paid out of the State Treasury at the beginning of the session

Included in the General Fund appropriation is \$150,000 in fiscal year 2002 for a printing/color duplicating machine

Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 45.229, any unexpended balance remaining at the close of fiscal year 2000 shall not laps but shall continue into the 2001 fiscal year and any unexpended balance in any succeeding fiscal year shall not lapse, but shall continue into the following fiscal year.

Judical Branch

	Revised FY 2000	Requested FY 2001	Requested FY 2002	Enacted FY 2001	Enacted FY 2002
SOURCE OF FUNDS General Fund					
Regular Appropriation Continuing Appropriation	168,927,200 5,827,100	190,886,100	214,174,900	178,475,400 414,500	192,590,500
Total General Fund	174,754,300	190,886,100	214,174,900	178,889,900	192,590,500
Restricted Funds	0.504.400	0.700.000	4 400 400	0.700.000	4 400 400
Balance Forward	3,534,100	2,792,800	1,499,100	2,792,800	1,499,100
Current Receipts Non-Revenue Receipts	6,786,200 243,500	6,521,200 216,300	6,485,900 222,300	6,521,200 216,300	6,485,900 222,300
·	10,563,800	9,530,300	8,207,300	9,530,300	8,207,300
Total Restricted Funds Federal Funds	10,563,600	9,530,300	6,207,300	9,530,300	6,207,300
Balance Forward	100				
Current Receipts	2,334,300	2,083,300	1,734,700	2,083,300	1,734,700
Non-Revenue Receipts	54,500				
Total Federal Funds	2,388,900	2,083,300	1,734,700	2,083,300	1,734,700
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	187,707,000	202,499,700	224,116,900	190,503,500	202,532,500
EXPENDITURES BY CLASS					
Personnel Cost	119,155,200	130,630,200	139,181,400	125,838,500	132,856,100
Operating Expenses	64,085,800	68,264,200	83,341,900	61,913,700	68,877,800
Capital Outlay	1,258,700	2,106,200	1,593,600	1,252,200	798,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	184,499,700	201,000,600	224,116,900	189,004,400	202,532,500
EXPENDITURES BY FUND SOURCE					
General Fund	174,339,800	178,841,000	192,234,700	178,889,900	192,590,500
Restricted Funds	7,771,000	8,031,200	8,207,300	8,031,200	8,207,300
Federal Funds	2,388,900	2,083,300	1,734,700	2,083,300	1,734,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	184,499,700	188,955,500	202,176,700	189,004,400	202,532,500
EXPENDITURES BY UNIT					
Court Operations & Administration	138,312,500	144,932,600	151,401,100	145,884,000	153,073,900
Local Facilities Fund	38,305,200	38,509,200	45,245,200	38,923,700	45,245,200
Use Allowance Contingency Fund	1,464,000	897,000	897,000	4 400 700	4.040.400
Judicial Form Retirement System	6,418,000	4,616,700	4,633,400	4,196,700	4,213,400
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	184,499,700	188,955,500	202,176,700	189,004,400	202,532,500

The judicial powers of the Commonwealth of Kentucky are vested in one Court of Justice under Section 109 of the Kentucky Constitution. Fully implemented in 1978, the Court constitutes a Unified Judicial System for operation and administration. The purpose of the Kentucky Judicial Branch of government is to provide equal justice for all persons who become involved in the Kentucky court system through due process of law, administered without favor, denial or delay, and to carry out all provisions of the Judicial Article of the Constitution.

The Kentucky court system is a four-tiered system of adjudication including a Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, Circuit Court, and District Court. The goal of these courts is to hear and determine expeditiously all cases which may come before the Court of Justice, to interpret the laws of the Commonwealth, make decisions and issue opinions related thereto.

The Circuit Clerks' offices in each county have as their goal the provision of an effective and manageable system of clerical support and maintenance of court records for the circuit and district courts.

The Administrative Office of the Courts, Juvenile Services, Pretrial Services, State Law Library, the ancillary boards an commissions, and the local court facilities program have the following goals:

To provide the administrative support necessary to carry on the operation of the Court of Justice and to have adequat personnel, facilities, equipment, and operating expenditures to carry out the Judicial Branch's constitutional an statutory responsibilities.

To ensure a system of financial management and accountability for the Court of Justice

To carry on a continuous survey of the organization, operation, and other aspects of the Court of Justice and to mak improvements thereof.

Funding for the Judiciary has been authorized via House Bill 577. House Bill 577 is the Judicial Appropriations Bill authorizin funds for major programs, Court Operations and Administration, Local Facilities Fund, and the Judicial Retirement Plan portic of the Judicial Form Retirement System.